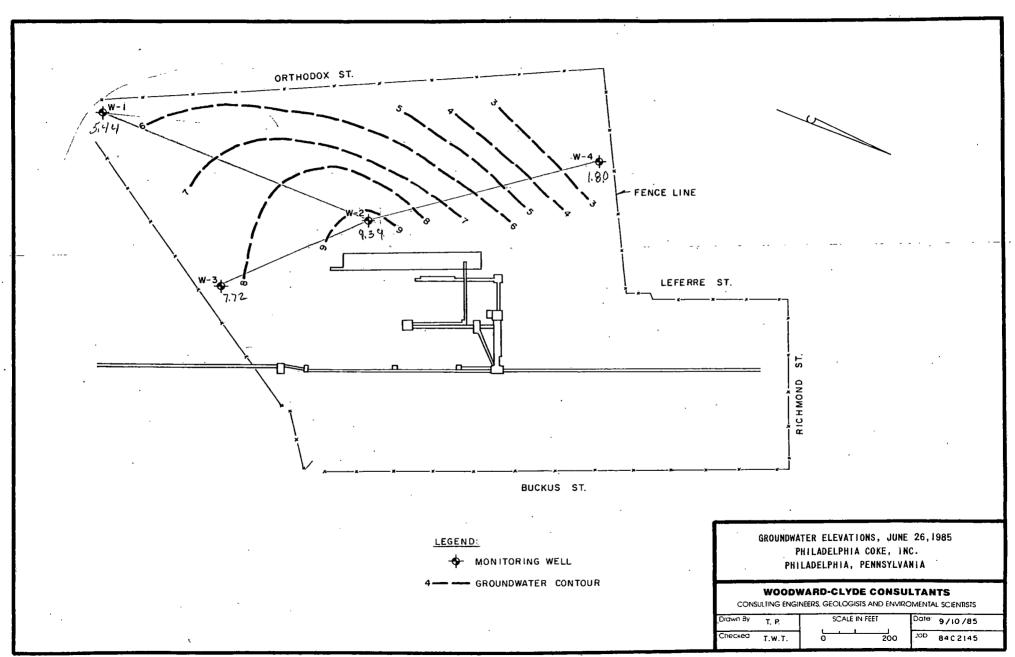
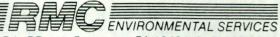
Plates







Environmental Chemistry Laboratory, Fricks Lock Rd., RD # 1, Pottstown, PA 19464 (215) 326-9662

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

LABORATORY NO: See Below

RECEIVED: 26 June 1985 REPORTED: 7 August 1985

CLIENT:

Woodward-Clyde

Date Sampled: 6/26/85

5120 Butler Pike

Sampled by: NA

Plymouth Meeting, PA

19462

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION: Philadelphia Coke

Biochemical Oxygen Demand Total Organic Carbon Chemical Oxygen Demand Chloride Cyanide Fluoride Aluminum, Dissolved Arsenic, Dissolved Barium, Dissolved Chromium, Dissolved Iron, Dissolved	mg/l mg/l Colonies/100 ml mg/l mg/l	251 333 13	1093 1260 2400	44.2 13.1	314 60.2	<1.0
Coliform, Total Biochemical Oxygen Demand Total Organic Carbon Chemical Oxygen Demand Chloride Cyanide Fluoride Aluminum, Dissolved Arsenic, Dissolved Barium, Dissolved Chromium, Dissolved Iron, Dissolved	Colonies/100 ml mg/1	13		13.1	60.2	0.00
Biochemical Oxygen Demand Total Organic Carbon Chemical Oxygen Demand Chloride Cyanide Fluoride Aluminum, Dissolved Arsenic, Dissolved Barium, Dissolved Chromium, Dissolved Iron, Dissolved	mg/l	13	2400	The second secon		< 0.02
Total Organic Carbon Chemical Oxygen Demand Chloride Cyanide Fluoride Aluminum, Dissolved Arsenic, Dissolved Barium, Dissolved Chromium, Dissolved Iron, Dissolved	٥,	4.4		1	8	
Chemical Oxygen Demand Chloride Cyanide Fluoride Aluminum, Dissolved Arsenic, Dissolved Barium, Dissolved Chromium, Dissolved Iron, Dissolved	mg/1	**	**	**	**	**
Chemical Oxygen Demand Chloride Cyanide Fluoride Aluminum, Dissolved Arsenic, Dissolved Barium, Dissolved Chromium, Dissolved Iron, Dissolved		5.97	7.67	5.51	3.16	1.29
Cyanide Fluoride Aluminum, Dissolved Arsenic, Dissolved Barium, Dissolved Chromium, Dissolved Iron, Dissolved	mg/1	573	1856	57.3	269	<7.0
Fluoride Aluminum, Dissolved Arsenic, Dissolved Barium, Dissolved Chromium, Dissolved Iron, Dissolved	mg/1	416	1633	14.8	152	< 3.0
Fluoride Aluminum, Dissolved Arsenic, Dissolved Barium, Dissolved Chromium, Dissolved Iron, Dissolved	mg/1	38.0	120	0.001	16.8	< 0.001
Arsenic, Dissolved Barium, Dissolved Chromium, Dissolved Iron, Dissolved	mg/l	1.0	1.5	0.47	0.08	< 0.05
Arsenic, Dissolved Barium, Dissolved Chromium, Dissolved Iron, Dissolved	mg/1	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Barium, Dissolved Chromium, Dissolved Iron, Dissolved	mg/1	< 0.001	0.026	< 0.001	0.008	< 0.001
Chromium, Dissolved Iron, Dissolved	mg/1	0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	0.5	< 0.5
Iron, Dissolved	mg/l	< 0.004	0.016	0.002	0.006	0.003
	mg/l	49	2.69	< 0.05	62	< 0.05
Lead, Dissolved	mg/l	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	0.002	< 0.001
Manganese, Dissolved	mg/1	12	0.71	1.4	4.7	< 0.05
Mercury, Dissolved	mg/1	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005	< 0.005
Selenium, Dissolved	mg/l	0.005	0.003	0.003	0.004	0.003
Silver, Dissolved	mg/1	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Sodium, Dissolved	mg/1	144	430	53	184	< 0.2
Total Organic Halogens	μg/1	19	69	7	18	29
Herbicides:	P 37 1			,	10	- 7
2,4-D	ug/1	<2.5	<2.5	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
2,4,5-TP	µg/1	<10	<10	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Pesticides:	P 37 .					
Lindane	µg/1	< 0.003	< 0.03	< 0.003	< 0.003	< 0.002
Endrin	μg/1	< 0.022	< 0.22	< 0.022	< 0.022	< 0.027
Methoxychlor	µg/1	< 0.049	< 0.49	< 0.049	< 0.049	< 0.058
Toxaphene	µg/1	< 0.098	<0.98	<0.098	< 0.098	<0.020
Phenols	mg/1	0.01	36.9	< 0.005	0.014	0.005
pH	Standard	6.40	7.45	6.19	6.57	6.05
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/1	2830	3870	921	1320	18
Specific Conductance	umhos/cm@25°C	4094		1097		
Sulfate					1///	
Nitrate	mg/1	1675	9929 2512	420	1777 511	1.5

^{**}Laboratory Accident

Approved by:

Kyle F. Gross, Supervisor Environmental Chemistry Lab

A Canberra Company

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	6/26/85	_
CLIENT I.D.	Field Blank	DATE ANALYZED	7/12/85	_
RMC I.D.	1486-85	ANALYZED BY	KFG	_

ACID COMPOUNDS

b	μ g/1
phenol	<10 ND
2-chlorophenol	<10 ND
2-nitrophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dimethylphenol	<10 ND
2,4-dichlorophenol	<10 ND
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	<10 ND
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dinitrophenol	<20 ND
4-nitrophenol	<40 ND
2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	<20 ND
pentachlorophenol	<25 ND

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable
limit</pre>

ex = Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum
quantifiable limit indicated.

Approved By:

frebud I lodgen

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED _	6/26/85
CLIENT I.D.	Field Blank	DATE ANALYZED _	7/12/85
RMC I.D.	1486-85	ANALYZED BY _	KFG

BASE/NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS

	<u>μg/1</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	$\mu g/1$
n-nitrosodimethylamine	<10 ND	4-chlorophenyl phenyl ether	< 5 ND
bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	<5 ND	n-nitrosodiphenylamine	<10 ND
1,3-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND_	1,2-diphenylhydrazine	<10 ND
1,4-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	4-bromophenyl phenyl ether	< 5 ND
1,2-dichlorobenzene	<5; ND	hexachlorobenzene	<5 ND
bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	<5 ND	phenanthrene	<5 ND
hexachloroethane	<5. ND	anthracene	< 5 ND
n-nitrosodi-n-propylamine	<5' ND	di-n-butyl phthalate	< 5 ND
nitrobenzene	<5 ND	fluoranthene	< 5 ND
isophorone	<5 ND	benzidine	<100 ND
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	<5 ND	pyrene	< 5 ND
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	<5 ND	butyl benzyl phthalate	< 5 ND
naphthalene	<5 ND	benz(a)anthracene	<10 ND
hexachlorobutadiene	<5 ND	chrysene	<10 ND
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	<5 ND	3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	<10 ND
2-chloronaphthalene	<5 ND	bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	<5 ND
acenaphthylene	<5 ND	di-n-octyl phthalate	<10 ND
dimethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(b)fluoranthene	<25 ND
2,6-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	benzo(k)fluoranthene	<25 ND
acenaphthene	<5 ND	benzo(a)pyrene	<25 ND
2,4-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	<25 ND
fluorene	<5 ND	dibenz(a,h)anthracene	<25 ND
diethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(g,h,i)perylene	<25 ND
	•	2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo- p-dioxin	<10 ND

< x ND= Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.

Approved By:

< x = Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum quantifiable limit indicated.</p>

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward-Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	6/26/85
CLIENT I.D.	Field Blank	DATE ANALYZED	7/2/85
RMC I.D.	1486-85	ANALYZED BY	TED

VOLATILES

	<u>μg/l</u>		μg/1
chloromethane	<5.0 ND	bromodichloromethane	<1.0 ND
bromomethane	<5.0 ND	1,2-dichloropropane	<5.0 ND
vinyl chloride	<5.0 ND	l,3-dichloropropene ^l	<5.0 ND
chloroethane	<5.0 ND	trichloroethene	<0.2
methylene chloride	<1.0	benzene	<1.0 ND
acrolein	<100 ND	dibromochloromethane	<1.0 ND
acrylonitrile	<25 ND	1,1,2-trichloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,1-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	2-chloroethylvinyl ether	<5.0 ND
1,1-dichloroethane	<1.0 ND	bromoform	<5.0 ND
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	tetrachloroethene	<1.0
chloroform ·	<1.0	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,2-dichloroethane	<5.0 ND	toluene	0.2
1,1,1-trichloroethane	<1.0	chlorobenzene	<1.0 ND
carbon tetrachloride	<1.0 ND	ethylbenzene	<1.0

Approved By: He Tr. Druss

^{11,3-}cis-dichloropropene and 1,3-trans-dichloropropene could not be resolved, values reported indicate the sum of both compounds.

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit. <x = Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum

quantifiable limit indicated.

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward-Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	6/26/85
CLIENT I.D.	Trip Blank	DATE ANALYZED	7/2/85
RMC I.D.	1487-85	ANALYZED BY	TED

VOLATILES

	<u>μg/1</u>		<u>μg/l</u>
chloromethane	<5.0 ND	bromodichloromethane	<1.0 ND
bromomethane	<5.0 ND	1,2-dichloropropane	<5.0 ND
vinyl chloride	<5.0 ND	l,3-dichloropropene ¹	<5.0 ND
chloroethane	<5.0 ND	trichloroethene	<0.2 ND
methylene chloride	<1.0	benzene	<1.0 ND
acrolein	<100 ND	dibromochloromethane	<1.0 ND
acrylonitrile	<25 ND	1,1,2-trichloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,1-dichloroethene	<1.0	2-chloroethylvinyl ether	<5.0 ND
1,1-dichloroethane	<1.0 ND	bromoform	<5.0 ND
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	tetrachloroethene	<1.0
chloroform	1.0	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,2-dichloroethane	<5.0 ND	toluene	<0.2
1,1,1-trichloroethane	<1.0	chlorobenzene	<1.0 ND
carbon tetrachloride	<1.0 ND	ethylbenzene	<1.0 ND

Approved By: Klan Shows

^{11,3-}cis-dichloropropene and 1,3-trans-dichloropropene could not be resolved, values reported indicate the sum of both compounds.

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.</pre>

<x = Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum
quantifiable limit indicated.</pre>

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	6/26/85
CLIENT I.D.	W-1	DATE ANALYZED	7/12/85
RMC I.D.	1482-85	ANALYZED BY	KFG

ACID COMPOUNDS

	$\mu g/1$
phenol	<10 ND
2-chlorophenol	<10 ND
2-nitrophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dimethylphenol	<10 ND
2,4-dichlorophenol	<10 ND
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	<10 ND
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dinitrophenol	<20 ND
4-nitrophenol	< 40 ND
2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	< 20 ND
pentachlorophenol	<25 ND

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable</p>

= Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum quantifiable limit indicated.

Approved By: Rebut Hodger

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT _	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	6/26/85
CLIENT I.D.	W-1	DATE ANALYZED _	7/12/85
RMC I.D.	1482-85	ANALYZED BY	KFG

BASE/NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS

	_μ g/1		μg/1
, n-nitrosodimethylamine	<10 ND	4-chlorophenyl phenyl ether	<5 ND
√ bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	<5 ND	n-nitrosodiphenylamine	<10 ND
1,3-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	1,2-diphenylhydrazine	<10 ND
1,4-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	4-bromophenyl phenyl ether	<5 ND
1,2-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	hexachlorobenzene	< 5 ND
$\sqrt{\text{bis}(2\text{-chloroisopropyl})}$ ether	<5 ND	phenanthrene	13
hexachloroethane	< 5 ND	anthracene	<5 ND
n-nitrosodi-n-propylamine	<5 ND	di-n-butyl phthalate	< 5 ND
nitrobenzene	<5 ND	fluoranthene	<u><5 ND</u>
isophorone	<5 ND	benzidine	<100 ND
$\sqrt{\text{bis}(2\text{-chloroethoxy})}$ methane	<5 ND	pyrene	9.5
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	<5 ND	butyl benzyl phthalate	< 5 ND
naphthalene	<5	benz(a)anthracene	14
hexachlorobutadiene	<5 ND	chrysene	< 10 ND
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	<5 ND	3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	<10 ND
2-chloronaphthalene	<5 ND	$\sqrt{ exttt{bis}(2 exttt{-ethylhexyl})}$ phthalate	6.7
acenaphthylene	< 5 ND	di-n-octyl phthalate	<10 ND
dimethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(b)fluoranthene	<25 ND
2,6-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	benzo(k)fluoranthene	<25 ND
acenaphthene	84	benzo(a)pyrene	<25 ND
2,4-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	< 25 ND
fluorene	< 5	dibenz(a,h)anthracene	<25 ND
diethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(g,h,i)perylene	<25 ND
		2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo- p-dioxin	<10 ND

< x ND= Not detected, value indicates minimum quanti-</pre> fiable limit.

< x = Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum quantifiable limit indicated. full ladger

Approved By:

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward-Clyde		DATE RECEIVED	6/26/85
CLIENT I.D.	Well #1		DATE ANALYZED	7/2/85
RMC I.D.	1482-85	<u> </u>	ANALYZED BY	TED

VOLATILES

	_µg/1		<u>μ</u> g/l
chloromethane	< 5.0 ND	bromodichloromethane	<1.0 ND
bromomethane	< 5.0 ND	1,2-dichloropropane	<5.0 ND
vinyl chloride	< 5.0 ND	1,3-dichloropropene ¹	<5.0 ND
chloroethane	<5.0 ND	trichloroethene	<0.2 ND
methylene chloride	<1.0	benzene	1.3
acrolein	<100 ND	dibromochloromethane	<1.0 ND
acrylonitrile	<25 ND	1,1,2-trichloroethane	<5.0 ND
l,l-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	2-chloroethylvinyl ether	< 5.0 ND
l,l-dichloroethane	<1.0 ND	bromoform	<5.0 ND
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	tetrachloroethene	<1.0 ND
chloroform	<1.0 ND	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,2-dichloroethane	<5.0 ND	toluene	0.2
1,1,1-trichloroethane	< 1.0 ND	chlorobenzene	<1.0 ND
carbon tetrachloride	< 1.0 ND	ethyl benzene	<1.0 ND

Approved By: Hyle n Thoss

^{11,3-}cis-dichloropropene and 1,3-trans-dichloropropene could not be resolved, values reported indicate the sum of both compounds.

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.</pre>

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	6/26/85	
CLIENT I.D.	W-2	DATE ANALYZED	7/12/85	
RMC I.D.	1483-85	ANALYZED BY	KFG	

ACID COMPOUNDS

	μg/1
phenol	21
2-chlorophenol	< 10 ND
2-nitrophenol	< 10 ND
2,4-dimethylphenol	255
2,4-dichlorophenol	< 10 ND
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	< 10 ND
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	< 10 ND
2,4-dinitrophenol	< 20 ND
4-nitrophenol	< 40 ND
2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	< 20 ND
pentachlorophenol	< 25 ND

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.

Approved By: July Holges

 ⁼ Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum
 quantifiable limit indicated.

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde	` <u> </u>	DATE RECEIVED	6/26/85
CLIENT I.D.	W-2		DATE ANALYZED	7/12/85
RMC I.D.	1483-85		ANALYZED BY	KFG

BASE/NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS

·			
	<u>ug/1</u>		<u>μg/1</u>
n-nitrosodimethylamine	<10 ND	4-chlorophenyl phenyl ether	<5 ND
bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	33	n-nitrosodiphenylamine	<10 ND
1,3-dichlorobenzene	<10 ND	1,2-diphenylhydrazine	<10 ND
1,4-dichlorobenzene	<10 ND	4-bromophenyl phenyl ether	<5 ND
1,2-dichlorobenzene	<10 ND	hexachlorobenzene	<5 ND
bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	<10 ND	phenanthrene	14
hexachloroethane	<10 ND	anthracene	<5 ND
n-nitrosodi-n-propylamine	<10 ND	di-n-butyl phthalate	<5 ND
nitrobenzene	<10 ND	fluoranthene	<5 ND
isophorone	<10 ND	benzidine	<100 ND
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	<10 ND	pyrene	6.5
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	<10 ND	butyl benzyl phthalate	<5 ND
naphthalene	116	benz(a)anthracene	_25
hexachlorobutadiene	<10 ND	chrysene	<10 ND
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	<10 ND	3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	<10 ND
2-chloronaphthalene	<10 ND	bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	<5 ND
acenaphthylene	32	di-n-octyl phthalate	<10 ND
dimethyl phthalate	< 5 ND	benzo(b)fluoranthene	<25 ND
2,6-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	benzo(k)fluoranthene	<25 ND
acenaphthene	76	benzo(a)pyrene	<25 ND
2,4-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	<25 ND
fluorene	58	dibenz(a,h)anthracene	<25 ND
diethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(g,h,i)perylene	<25 ND
		2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo- p-dioxin	<10 ND

< x ND= Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.

Approved By:

< x = Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum quantifiable limit indicated.</p>

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward-Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	6/26/85
CLIENT I.D.	Well #2	DATE ANALYZED	7/2/85
RMC I.D.	1483-85	ANALYZED BY	TED

VOLATILES

	_μg/l		ug/l
chloromethane	<5.0 ND	bromodichloromethane	<1.0 ND
bromomethane	<5.0 ND	1,2-dichloropropane	<5.0 ND
vinyl chloride	<5.0 ND	1,3-dichloropropene ¹	<5.0 ND
chloroethane	<5.0 ND	trichloroethene	<0.2
methylene chloride	<1.0	benzene	234
acrolein	<100 ND	dibromochloromethane	<1.0 ND
acrylonitrile	<25 ND	1,1,2-trichloroethane	<5.0
l,l-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	2-chloroethylvinyl ether	<5.0 ND
1,1-dichloroethane	<1.0 ND	bromoform	< 5.0 ND
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	tetrachloroethene	<1.0 ND
chloroform	<1.0 ND	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,2-dichloroethane	<5.0 ND	toluene	76
l,l,l-trichloroethane	<1.0 ND	chlorobenzene	<1.0 ND
carbon tetrachloride	<1.0 ND	ethyl benzene	5.1

Approved By: Ryle on Gross

^{11,3-}cis-dichloropropene and 1,3-trans-dichloropropene could not be resolved, values reported indicate the sum of both compounds.

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.</pre>

⁼ Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum quantifiable limit indicated.

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	6/26/85
CLIENT I.D.	W-3	DATE ANALYZED	7/12/85
RMC I.D.	1484-85	ANALYZED BY	KFG

ACID COMPOUNDS

	μ g/]
pheno1	<10 ND
2-chlorophenol	<10 ND
2-nitrophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dimethylphenol	<10 ND
2,4-dichlorophenol	<10 ND
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	<10 ND
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dinitrophenol	<20 ND
4-nitrophenol	<40 ND
2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	<20 ND
pentachlorophenol	<25 ND

= Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum quantifiable limit indicated.

Approved By: Lead Hodges

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde		_ DATE RECEIVED _	6/26/85
CLIENT I.D.	W-3	·	DATE ANALYZED _	7/12/85
RMC I.D.	1484-85		_ ANALYZED BY	KFG

BASE/NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS

	<u>μ</u> g/1		μg/l
n-nitrosodimethylamine	<10 ND	4-chlorophenyl phenyl ether	<5 ND
bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	< 5 ND	n-nitrosodiphenylamine	<10 ND
1,3-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	1,2-diphenylhydrazine	<10 ND
l,4-dichlorobenzene	< 5 ND	4-bromophenyl phenyl ether	< 5 ND
1,2-dichlorobenzene	< 5 ND	hexachlorobenzene	<5 ND
bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	<5 ND	phenanthrene	< 5 ND
hexachloroethane -	< 5 ND	anthracene	<5 ND
n-nitrosodi-n-propylamine	<5 ND	di-n-butyl phthalate	< 5 ND
nitrobenzene	<5 ND	fluoranthene	< 5 ND
isophorone	<5 ND	benzidine	<100 ND
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	< 5 ND	pyrene	< 5 ND
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	< 5 ND	butyl benzyl phthalate	< 5 ND
naphthalene	<5 ND	benz(a)anthracene	<10 ND
hexachlorobutadiene	<5 ND	chrysene	<10 ND
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	<5 ND	3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	<10 ND
2-chloronaphthalene	<5 ND	bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	<5 ND
acenaphthylene	<5 ND	di-n-octyl phthalate	<10 ND
dimethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(b)fluoranthene	<25 ND
2,6-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	benzo(k)fluoranthene	<25 ND
acenaphthene	<5 ND	benzo(a)pyrene	<25 ND
2,4-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	<25 ND
fluorene	<5 ND	dibenz(a,h)anthracene	<25 ND
diethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(g,h,i)perylene	<25 ND
	;	2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo- p-dioxin	<10 ND

< x ND= Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.

< x = Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum quantifiable limit indicated.</p>

Approved By:

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward-Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	6/26/85
CLIENT I.D.	Well #3	DATE ANALYZED	7/2/85
RMC I.D.	1484-85	ANALYZED BY	TED

VOLATILES

	μ g/ 1		μg/1
chloromethane	< 5.0 ND	bromodichloromethane	1.0 ND
bromomethane	< 5.0 ND	1,2-dichloropropane	< 5.0 ND
vinyl chloride	< 5.0 ND	1,3-dichloropropene ¹	< 5.0 ND
chloroethane	< 5.0 ND	trichloroethene	<0.2
methylene chloride	<1.0	benzene	<1.0 ND
acrolein	< 100 ND	dibromochloromethane	<1.0 ND
acrylonitrile	< 25 ND	1,1,2-trichloroethane	< 5.0 ND
l,l-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	2-chloroethylvinyl ether	< 5.0 ND
1,1-dichloroethane	<1.0 ND	bromoform	< 5.0 ND
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	tetrachloroethene	<1.0 ND
chloroform	<1.0 ND	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	< 5.0 ND
1,2-dichloroethane	<5.0 ND	toluene	<0.2
1,1,1-trichloroethane	<1.0 ND	chlorobenzene	<1.0 ND
carbon tetrachloride	<1.0 ND	ethyl benzene	<1.0

Approved By: Hyle To Dross

^{11,3-}cis-dichloropropene and 1,3-trans-dichloropropene could not be resolved, values reported indicate the sum of both compounds.

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit. <x = Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum

quantifiable limit indicated.

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	6/26/85	
CLIENT I.D.	W-4	DATE ANALYZED	7/12/85	
RMC I.D.	1485-85	ANALYZED BY	KFG	

ACID COMPOUNDS

	_μ g/ 1
pheno1	<10 ND
2-chlorophenol	<10 ND
2-nitrophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dimethylphenol	<10 ND
2,4-dichlorophenol	<10 ND
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	<10 ND
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dinitrophenol	<20 ND
4-nitrophenol	<40 ND
2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	<20 ND
pentachlorophenol	<25 ND

Approved By: Suchard Hodge

⁻x = Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum quantifiable limit indicated.

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Cly	de	DATE RECEIVED	6/26/85
CLIENT I.D.	W-4		DATE ANALYZED	7/12/85
RMC I.D.	1485-85		ANALYZED BY	KFG

BASE/NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS

	<u>μg/1</u>		μ g/l
n-nitrosodimethylamine	<10 ND	4-chlorophenyl phenyl ether	<5 ND
bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	<5 ND	n-nitrosodiphenylamine	_<10 ND
1,3-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	1,2-diphenylhydrazine	<10 ND
1,4-dichlorobenzene	< 5 ND	4-bromophenyl phenyl ether	<5 ND
1,2-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	hexachlorobenzene	< 5 ND
bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	<5 ND	phenanthrene	< 5 ND
hexachloroethane	<5 ND	anthracene	< 5 ND
n-nitrosodi-n-propylamine	<5 ND	di-n-butyl phthalate	<5 ND
nitrobenzene	<5 ND	fluoranthene	< 5 ND
isophorone	<5 ND	benzidine	<100 ND
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	<5 ND	pyrene	<5 ND
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	<5 ND	butyl benzyl phthalate	< 5 ND
naphthalene	<5 ND	benz(a)anthracene	<10 ND
hexachlorobutadiene	<5 ND	chrysene	<10 ND
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	<5 ND	3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	<10 ND
2-chloronaphthalene	<5 ND	bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	5.8
acenaphthylene	<5 ND	di-n-octyl phthalate	<10 ND
dimethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(b)fluoranthene	<25 ND
2,6-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	benzo(k)fluoranthene	<25 ND
acenaphthene	<5_ND	benzo(a)pyrene	<25 ND
2,4-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	<25 ND
fluorene	<5 ND	dibenz(a,h)anthracene	<25 ND
diethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(g,h,i)perylene	< 25 ND
÷		2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo- p-dioxin	<10 ND

< x = Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum
 quantifiable limit indicated.</pre>

Approved By:

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward-Clyde	 DATE RECEIVED	6/26/85
CLIENT I.D.	Well #4	 DATE ANALYZED	7/2/85
RMC I.D.	1485-85	ANALYZED BY	TED

VOLATILES

	<u>µg/1</u>		μg/l
chloromethane	<5.0 ND	bromodichloromethane	<1.0 ND
bromomethane	<5.0 ND	1,2-dichloropropane	<5.0 ND
vinyl chloride	<5.0 ND	1,3-dichloropropene ¹	<5.0 ND
chloroethane	<5.0 ND	trichloroethene	<0.2
methylene chloride	<1.0	benzene	<1.0 ND
acrolein	<100 ND	dibromochloromethane	<1.0 ND
acrylonitrile	<25 ND	1,1,2-trichloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,1-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	2-chloroethylvinyl ether	<5.0 ND
l,1-dichloroethane	<1.0 ND	bromoform	<5.0 ND
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	tetrachloroethene	<1.0 ND
chloroform	<1.0 ND	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,2-dichloroethane	< 5.0 ND	toluene	<0.2 ND
l,l,l-trichloroethane	<1.0 ND	chlorobenzene	<1.0 ND
carbon tetrachloride	<1.0 ND	ethyl benzene	<1.0 ND

Approved By: Jele T. Shows

^{11,3-}cis-dichloropropene and 1,3-trans-dichloropropene could not be resolved, values reported indicate the sum of both compounds.

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.</pre>

<x = Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum
 quantifiable limit indicated.</pre>

Appendix B

TABLE 4

SUMMARY OF PRIORITY POLLULTANT ORGANIC COMPOUNDS DETECTED⁽¹⁾

FIRST QUARTER SAMPLING

APRIL 8, 1985

Well	. W−1	W-2	W-3	W-4	Field Blank	Detection Limit
Acid Compounds	-					
Phenol 2,4-dimethylphenol	ND ND	2,710 27,600	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	10 10
Volatile Compounds						
Methylene Chloride Benzene Toluene Ethylbenzene	ND ND ND ND	6.2 143 60 3.0	3.8 ND ND ND	3.4 ND ND ND	ND ND ND ND	1.0 1.0 0.2 1.0
Base/Neutral Compounds						
Nitrobenzene Bis (2-chloroethoxy)	ND	90	ND	ND	ND	5
methane Bis (2-ethylhexyl)	ND	15	ND	ND	ND	5
phthalate	BMDL	ND	12	8.5	17	5

 $⁽¹⁾_{\mbox{Results}}$ in parts per billion (ppb)

BMDL = Below Minimum Detection Limit

ND = Not detected

TABLE 5
SUMMARY OF WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS
APRIL 8, 1985 SAMPLING ROUND

	<u> </u>				
Parameter	Units	W-1	W-2	W-3	W-4
Alkalinity, Total	mg/l	73.1	1040	65.5	89.8
Ammonia, Nitrogen	mg/l	56	917	14.3	20.7
	nies/100 ml	100	1800	400	2000
Biochemical Oxygen Demai	nd mg/l	6.6	220	2.4	37
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	8.7	5.6	6.7	130
Chemical Oxygen Demand	; mg/l	48	1170	12.7	44
Chloride	mg/l	27.8	1210	12.3	22.7
Cyanide	mg/l	1.5	159	0.004	3.6
Fluoride	mg/l	0.91	0.95	0.62	0.18
Aluminum, Total	mg/l	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	3.9
Arsenic, Total	mg/l	< 0.001	0.012	< 0.001	0.008
Barium, Total	mg/l	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chromium, Total	mg/l	0.005	0.051	0.004	0.020
Iron, Total	mg/l	16.4	36.8	0.50	17.1
Lead, Total	mg/l	0.003	< 0.001	< 0.001	0.012
Manganese, Total	mg/l	9.4	3.0	1.7	2.3
Mercury, Total	mg/l	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	0.0002	0.0005
Selenium, Total	mg/l	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.008
Silver, Total	mg/l	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Sodium, Total	mg/l	29.4	411	54.2	30.8
Nitrate, Nitrogen	mg/l	2.2	< 0.15	15.3	< 0.15
Total Organic Halogens Herbicides:	ug/l	. 215	78	. 48	82
2,4-D	ug/l	< 0.25	20.6	< 0.25	< 0.25
2,4,5-TP	ug/l	< 0.25	< 0.25	< 0.25	< 0.25
Pesticides:	_				-
Endrin	ug/l	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.05	< 0.50
Lindane	ug/l	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.05	< 0.50
Methoxychlor	ug/l	< 2.5	< 2.5	< 0.25	< 2.5
Toxaphene	ug/l	<25	<25	< 2.5	<25
Phenolics	mg/l	< 0.005	1.19	< 0.005	< 0.005
pH	Standard	6.64	7.15	6.50	6.99
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	1120	4920	880	108
Specific Conductance umhe	os/cm@25°C	1470	8010	1070	461
Sulfate	mg/l	871	2950	513	111

ÈD	- 6	WM	_2	7.	9	183
En	20. 3	AAIA			31	03

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7/24/85	A
repared	

COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES
BUREAU OF SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT

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-	0	0	4	2	7	9	0	6

Hazardous Waste Management

Facility Inspection Checklist for Compliance with Interim Status Standards Covering Ground-Water Monitoring FORM 4

Facilit Count Comp	ty	me Address	Phila.	chmond St.	Facility Permit Municipality Inspector's Nam		ALCOHOLD STATE OF THE PARTY OF	ila. PRots	<u></u>
Comp	any	Contact/Official		Hogeboom	Branch/Organiza		Solid	Waste-1	acili
Title			V. P Op	orations	Date of Inspect	on	9/1	8/85	
Type	of fa	cility: (check ap	propriately)			Yes	No	Unknow	'n
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	a) b) c) d)	surface impou landfill land treatment disposal waste	facility			<u></u>			
Groun	nd-W	ater Monitoring	Program						
1.		s the ground-wa 'No'',	ter monitoring p	program reviewe	d prior to site visit?	_	-		
	a)	Was the groun site inspection		am reviewed at t	he facility prior to	-			,
2.	fac fac	ility's impact on	the quality of a ntial to affect,	ny ground-water or as otherwise	of determining the system which the deemed necessary n)(1)	<u>/</u>			ī
3.					ydraulically upgra- a? 75.265(n)(3)(i)		•	1	
	a)	tative of backs the facility (as depths)?	ground ground ensured by p	water quality ar roper well numb	ent well represen- nd not affected by er, locations, and		小园园	ENV	
	Lis	ted separate fro	m landfill for o	convenience of i	dentification.	of Personal Control	· SEP	2 7 1985	1

Unknown

qua	rterly	equired parameters in ground-water samples being teste for the first year? 75.265(n)(8) and 75.265(n)(9)		K		
a)	Are	the ground-water samples analyzed for the following:				
	1)	Parameters characterizing the suitability of the ground-water as a drinking water supply? 75.265(n)(8)(i)	er \	A		-
	2)	Parameters establishing ground-water quality 75.265(n)(8)(ii)	/7	1		
	3)	Parameters used as indicators of ground-water contamintion? 75.265(n)(8)(iii)	a	1/A		-
		(i) Has provision been made for the establishment of i itial background concentrations of all parameters in monitoring wells quarterly during the first year 75.265(n)(9)	all	/		
		(ii) For each indicator parameter, are at least four replical measurements obtained at each upgradient well freach sample obtained during the first year of monitoring? 75.265(n)(10)	or	_		
		(iii) Are provisions made to calculate the initial background arithmetic mean and variance of the respection parameter concentrations or values obtained from the upgradient well(s) during the first year? 75.265(n)(1)	he		√A	· -
b)	For	facilities which have completed first year ground-water sam and analysis requirements:	ıpl-			
	1)	Have samples been obtained and analyzed for the ground water quality parameters at least semi-annual 75.265(n)(11)(i)	nd- ly?			<u>N,</u>
	2)	Have samples been obtained and analyzed for the indicat of ground-water contamination at least quarter 75.265(n)(11)(ii)	ors ly?	<u> </u>		
c)	W	ere ground-water surface elevations determined at expenitoring well each time a sample was taken? 75.265(n)(12) _			_
d)	nu	ere the ground-water surface elevations evaluated at least ally (by January 31) to determine whether the monitoring we properly constructed? 75.265(n)(17)	an- ells			· N.
e)	01	it was determined that modification of the number, locati depth of monitoring wells was necessary, was the syst ought into compliance with 75.265(n)(3)? 75.265(n)(17	tem			_ <u>N</u>
f)	Pi	ior to any construction modification, were any proposanges approved in writing by the Department? 75.265(n)(sed.			N.

,				*	1					•	•
	ai.		•	in No. 2	1	•		`.)s	No	Unknown
						sessment	and abater	ment	<u>/</u>		
a)	Doe	s it d	escribe a p	program ca	pable o	f the follo	wing:			W	
	1)	cons	stituents	have er				_			
	2)	wast	té or hazar	rdous wast							
	3)								<u>/</u>		
	4)								<u> </u>		
ы	mea	surer	ments of e	ach Indica	tor para	meter bee	en obtaine	d for 🗧			NA
· 	1)	Wer from	e the result the upgra	s compared dient well(s	l with the determ	e initial bac iined durin	ckground m	ieans year?			<u> 11 A</u> .
		(i)	Was each	well cons	idered ir	ndividually	77				N.A.
√ √ •		(ii)									<u> M.A.</u>
	2)		· · · · · · · ·	ant increas	e (or pH	decrease	as well) f	ound			
		(i)	Upgradier	nt wells							N.A.
		(ii)	Downgrad	dient wells							N.A.
					Waste l	Manageme	ent Form 5	must			
								raphs	<u> </u>		
									/		
						ns in indic	ator param	eters		<u>√</u> *	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	b) Have the Have the	a) Doe 1) 2) 4) b) Afterments and 1) 4) Have rether times Have rether times	a) Does it d 1) Determine the constraint of the	a) Does it describe a 1) Determining we constituents 75.265(n)(13) 2) Determining the waste or hazar 75.265(n)(13) 3) Determining or dous waste condus waste c	a) Does it describe a program can be a p	a) Does it describe a program capable of the straining which hazardous were constituents have entered 75.265(n)(13)(ii) 2) Determining the rate and extent of waste or hazardous waste constituents in ground 4) Abating any ground-water contaminations waste constituents in ground 4) Abating any ground-water contaminations waste management for each indicator para samples taken from each well monito 1) Were the results compared with the from the upgradient well(s) determined in the upgradient well(s) determined in the considered in	a) Does it describe a program capable of the folion 1) Determining which hazardous waste or he constituents have entered the gray 75.265(n)(13)(ii) 2) Determining the rate and extent of migration waste or hezardous waste constituents in 75.265(n)(13)(iii) 3) Determining concentrations of hazardous waste constituents in ground water? 7! 4) Abating any ground-water contamination at hazardous waste management facility? 75 b) After the first year of monitoring, have at leas measurements of each indicator parameter becamples taken from each well monitored? 75.2 1) Were the results compared with the initial bacardous waste well considered individually (ii) Was each well considered individually (iii) Was the Student's t-test used at the each significance (see Chapter 75, Subch dix III)? 2) Was a significant increase (or pH decrease in the: (i) Upgradient wells (ii) Downgradient wells If "Yes", Hazardous Waste Managementals or be completed. Have records been kept of the analyses required 75.265(n)(9) through 75.265(n)(11)? 75.265(n)(12))? They records been kept of ground-water surface elective time of sampling for each well (75.265(n)(12))? They records been kept of required elevations in indicators in indicator	a) Does it describe a program capable of the following: 1) Determining which hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents have entered the ground waste or hazardous waste or hazardous waste or hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents in ground waste or hazardous waste constituents in ground waste or hazardous waste constituents in ground waste constituents in ground water? 75.265(n)(13)(ii) 3) Determining concentrations of hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents in ground water? 75.265(n)(1 4) Abating any ground-water contamination attributable thazardous waste management facility? 75.265(n)(1) b) After the first year of monitoring, have at least four replemeasurements of each indicator parameter been obtaine samples taken from each well monitored? 75.265(n)(14) 1) Were the results compared with the initial background market from the upgradient well(s) determined during the first of significance (see Chapter 75, Subchapter D, Aldix III)? 2) Was a significant increase (or pH decrease as well) fin the: (i) Upgradient wells (ii) Downgradient wells (iii) Downgradient wells (iii) Downgradient wells (iii) Downgradient wells Have records been kept of the analyses required in paragratic parameter of sampling for each well (75.265(n)(12))? 75.265(n)(18)(ii) Have records been kept of ground-water surface elevations take the time of sampling for each well (75.265(n)(12))? 75.265(n)(18)(ii)	a) Does it describe a program capable of the following: 1) Determining which hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents have entered the ground water? 75.265(n)(13)(i) 2) Determining the rate and extent of migration of hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents in ground water? 75.265(n)(13)(ii) 3) Determining concentrations of hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents in ground water? 75.265(n)(13)(iii) 4) Abating any ground-water contamination attributable to the hazardous waste management facility? 75.265(n)(13)(iv) b) After the first year of monitoring, have at least four replicate measurements of each indicator parameter been obtained for samples taken from each well monitored? 75.265(n)(14) 1) Were the results compared with the initial background means from the upgradient well(s) determined during the first year? (i) Was each well considered individually? (ii) Was the Student's t-test used at the appropriate level of significance (see Chapter 75, Subchapter D, Appendix III)? 2) Was a significant increase (or pH decrease as well) found in the: (i) Upgradient wells (ii) Downgradient wells (iii) Downgradient wells Have records been kept of the analyses required in paragraphs 75.265(n)(9) through 75.265(n)(11)? 75.265(n)(18)(i) Have records been kept of ground-water surface elevations taken at the time of sampling for each well (75.265(n)(12))? 75.265(n)(18)(i) Have records been kept of required elevations in indicator parameters	a) Does it describe a program capable of the following: 1) Determining which hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents have entered the ground water? 75.265(n)(13)(ii) 2) Determining the rate and extent of migration of hazardous waste or hazardous waste or hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents in ground water? 75.265(n)(13)(iii) 3) Determining concentrations of hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents in ground water? 75.265(n)(13)(iiii) 4) Abating any ground-water contamination attributable to the hazardous waste management facility? 75.265(n)(13)(iii) b) After the first year of monitoring, have at least four replicate measurements of each indicator parameter been obtained for samples taken from each well monitored? 75.265(n)(14) 1) Were the results compared with the initial background means from the upgradient well(s) determined during the first year? (i) Was each well considered individually? (ii) Was the Student's t-test used at the appropriate level of significance (see Chapter 75, Subchapter D, Appendix III)? 2) Was a significant increase (or pH decrease as well) found in the: (i) Upgradient wells If "Yes", Hazardous Waste Management Form 5 must also be completed. Have records been kept of the analyses required in paragraphs 75.265(n)(9) through 75.265(n)(11)? 75.265(n)(18)(i) Have records been kept of ground-water surface elevations taken at the time of sampling for each well (75.265(n)(12))? 75.265(n)(18)(i) Have records been kept of required elevations in indicator parameters	Has an outline of a ground-water quality assessment and abatement program been prepared? 75.265(n)(13) a) Does it describe a program capable of the following: 1) Determining which hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents have entered the ground water? 75.265(n)(13)(ii) 2) Determining the rate and extent of migration of hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents in ground water? 75.265(n)(13)(iii) 3) Determining concentrations of hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents in ground water? 75.265(n)(13)(iii) 4) Abating any ground-water contamination attributable to the hazardous waste management facility? 75.265(n)(13)(iv) b) After the first year of monitoring, have at least four replicate measurements of each indicator parameter been obtained for samples taken from each well monitored? 75.265(n)(14) 1) Were the results compared with the initial background means from the upgradient well(s) determined during the first year? (i) Was éach well considered individually? (ii) Was the Student's t-test used at the appropriate level of significance (see Chapter 75, Subchapter D, Appendix III)? 2) Was a significant increase (or pH decrease as well) found in the: (i) Upgradient wells If "Yes", Hazardous Waste Management Form 5 must also be completed. Have records been kept of the analyses required in paragraphs 75.265(n)(19) through 75.265(n)(11)? 75.265(n)(18)(i) Have records been kept of ground-water surface elevations taken at the time of sampling for each well (75.265(n)(12))? 75.265(n)(18)(i) Have records been kept of required elevations in indicator parameters

	27		Yes	No	Unknown
14.	Has th Depart	e following ground-water information been reported to the ment: 75.265(n)(18)(ii)			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(a)(i)	During the first year, initial background concentrations of parameters listed in 75.265(n)(8)(i) within 15 days after completing each quarterly analysis required during the first year?		<u> </u>	
	(ii)	For each well, have any parameters whose concentrations or values have exceeded the maximum contaminant levels allowed in drinking water supplies been separately identified?	√		
	(b)(i)	Semi-annual measurements of the parameters establishing ground-water quality (75.265(n)(8)(ii)) for each ground-water monitoring well taken at the end of the first (April 1) and third (October 1) quarters?			NA.
f, i	(ii)	Have any significant differences from the initial background found in the wells been separately identified?			V.A.
	(iii)	Has this information been submitted as part of the quarter- ly report (75.265(m)) for those facilities receiving hazardous waste from off-site sources?			NA.
	(c)(i)	Quarterly measurement of the parameters used as indicators of ground-water contamination (75.265(n)(8)(iii)) and the required evaluations of these parameters under 75.265(n)(14)?	/		
	(ii)	Have any significant differences from initial background found in the upgradient wells been separately identified and included in the quarterly submission?			N.A.
	(d)(i)	Quarterly results of the evaluation of ground-water surface elevations under 75.265(n)(17)?		<u>'</u>	
	(ii)	If applicable, has a description of the response to that evalua-			

Phila delphia Coke 6., Inc.
PAD 00427906
To date, two rounds of quarterly sampling for the background year have been completed and the the third round is scheduled for early October , 185. The groundwater monitoring program is being Conducted in accordance with an approved RCRA groundunter mon, toring plan which includes an assessment and a bak ment octline. Results of the second round of sampling are to be submitted by mid-October 1985 along with a request to Confine future testing to select inclicator paramete

rather than the complete RCRA Series plus a

priority pollutant scan as has been the case for

the first two rounds. This request will be given

Careful Consideration upon receipt galthough no strict Waiver provision exists in PA Hazerdous waste regulations. Since closure was supposedly achieved Via total removal of all hazerdors wastes in the impoundment(s), former plant operators have token The position that analysis for RCRA parameters for for consecutive quarters 15 un ressessary and applies only to active facilities. The plant officially closed approx. two years ago and at present, existing structu are being dismanted. The former locations of the

Valid questions remain as to the adequacy of the avialable

Closure procedures ince, records fail to indicate

Whether testing of underlying soils was conducted

Impoundments es clearly visible.

either during or after renoval to assess the elegree of contamination. It was confirmed during a sit inspection conducted February 6,1985 by the former plant engineer, that no such testing was conducted, hower, soils in criect contact with the decanter far sludges were removed. The exact thickness of soils removed was not substantiated. To resolve this matter, I suggest a series of shallow soil brings be driven though the torner impoundments to an approximate depth of 2ft.

base elevation

below the waste, and samples collected at appropriate intervals and analyzed for coal far related constituents Two major complications are the shallow nature of the water table and the lakk of native soils even at

depth. The majority of the property is covered with

•

fill material consisting of demolition debris of various types.

As further justification for some type of soils testing program, initial results from monitoring well No. 2, located long the perimeter of the impoundments, indicate Clevated concentrations of phenolie compounds (ppm levels), and benzeue and tolvene. All are considered Coal tar releated constituents. This points towards u pussible continuing source of continuination, name the impoundments although other on-site sources may are possible. Monitoring well Noz is by far the most continuited as compared to the remaining wells which is not unexpected given its location. If
for well No.2
In coming analytical data shows exhibits a consistent

trend in the concentrations of hazerdous constituients (phenols) and related compounds, I would see no alternative but to renommend abatement measures in the form of ground water resovery and treatment. The reduction of any present sources of contamination, such as soils in the impound ments, would be Iso be required.

The Department should withholapproval of losure until matters regarding soils and groundwat contamination are resolved.

1 fry! TED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Region III - 6th & Walnut Sts. Philadelphia, Pa. 19105

UBJECT: RCRA Inspection PHILADELPHIA COKE Co - PHILA, PA.
PAD 000427906

DATE:

ROM:9 Gregory A. Koltonuk, Environmental Scientist RCRA Enforcement Section (3HW11)

TO:

File

Thru:

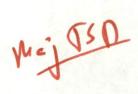
Peter W. Schaul, Chief

RCRA Enforcement Section (3HW11)

BASED UPON A REVIEW OF THE RCRA INSPECTION REPORT FOR THE FACILITY REFERENCED ABOVE, I HAVE DETERMINED THAT NO FURTHER ACTION IS

REQUIRED AT THIS TIME.

HAZARDOUS WASTE INSPECTION REPORT Generators - Part A



Date of inspection 1/18/85 Time start 1:15 PM Time finish 2:20 P
Name of inspector Michael M. Bobek
Company, installation name Philadelphia Coke C.
Location 4501 Richmond St.
County Phila - Municipality Phila
Identification number PAD 000427906
Name of responsible official James Hogeboom
Title V. P. of Operations
mailing address P.O. Box 6561, Mesa, Arizona 85206
Area code and phone no.
Name of person interviewed Ed Gallagher
Title Security
Mailing address (if different from above) 450/ Richmord St., Phila, Pa. 19137
Area code and phone no.
1. Current waste handling method:
a. On-site treatment, storage, disposal
b. On-site use, reuse, recycle, reclaim
c Off-site treatment, storage, disposal .
d. Off-site use, reuse, recycle, reclaim
2. Amount of hazardous waste produced:
akg./mo.
b. kg./yr.
3. Types of hazardous waste produced by Hazardous Waste Number: CFP 2 5 1985
None produced at this time.
Are barardous wastes transported off-site by the senerators Town of HAZAROOUS WASTE

.MAZARDOUS WASTE INSPECTION REPORT TSD Facilities - Part A

Date of inspection 9/18/85 Time start 1:15 PM Time finish 2:20PM
Name of inspector Michael W. Bobek
Company, installation name Philadelphia Coke Co.
Location_ 4501 Richmond St.
County Phila. Municipality Phila
Identification number PAD 000427906
Name of responsible official
Title V.P. Of Operations
Mailing address P.O. Box 6561, Mesa, Arisona 85206
Area code and phone no
Name of person interviewed
TitleSecurity
Mailing address (if different from above) 4501 Richard St. Phila Pa 19137
Area code and phone no.
1. Site characterization:
a Treatment surface impoundments, chemical, physical, biolog il
b. Storage - Containers, Ctanks, surface impoundments, Ct waste piles
c. ☐ Disposal - ☐ land treatment, ☐ landfill, ☐ incineration, ☐ thermal treat-
d. Use, reuse, recycle, reclaim ment
2. Does the facility generate hazardous wastes? Yes No
3. Types of hazardous waste produced by Hazardous Waste Number:
None produced et this time
4. Are hazardous wastes transported off-site by the facility? Yes No

MAZARDOUS WASTE INSPECTION REPORT Part C - Comments

Date of Inspection 9/18/8	3	Identific	cation Number	PAD000427906
Company, Installation Name Phila	lelphia (Ske Co.		
County Phila		pality Pho	la	
Workers from demolition of a attempting to renegotiate further demolition takes	building s	not on side	te due to	Mr. Peter Kipin
attempting to renegotiate	corport i	with Mr. H	geboon	Defore any
Jurken Cemolition Takes	place.			
Groundwater sampling is so	theduled of	for early Oc	tober 188	5.
No violations obs	erved at	time of Ing	pection	
)			,
		:	 ;	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		•		
		•		,
		1		
	:			
				
This inspection report is official no Environmental Resources, Bureau of So. The findings of this inspection are siduring the inspection are indicated. the results of laboratory analyses and forthcoming, confirming any violations	lid Waste Ma hown in this Violations of i review of i	nagement, insp report. Any may also be di Department red	pected the all violations was a violations with the violations of the violation of the viol	oove installation. Which were uncovered on examination of
Person Interviewed (signature)			Date	
Inspector (signature)	M. 130	beh	Date 9	/18/85

		EVALUATED?	ADEQUATE?	de substitution of the
9.	. Closure Plan:	9A. Date 4 / 13 / 83	98. Yes No	
10.	Closure Cost Estimate:	10A. Dute	10B.	10C. Amount: \$
11.	Closure Assurence	11A. Date NA NE H D Y	118.	
	Instrument(s):	☐ Financial Bond ☐ Ins	ter of Credit surance mancial Test	☐ Corporate Guarantee ☐ State Guarentee ☐ Other State Mechanism
12.	Post-closure Plan:	12A. Date NA NE H D Y	12B Yes No	
13.	Post-closure Cost Estimate:	13A. Date	138	13C. Amount: \$UNKNOWN [
14.	Post-closure Assurance	14A. Date NA NE H D Y	148	
	Instrument(s):	☐ Financial Bond . ☐ Ins	ter of Credit urance ancial Test	☐ Corporate Guarantee ☐ State Guarantee ☐ Other State Mechanism
15.	Sudden Limbility Instrument(s):	15A. Dute NA NE M D Y	15B.	15C. Amount? \$ per occurrence \$ annual aggregate
			e Guarantee r Stoto Mechanism	
16. +	Non-sudden Liebility	Date NA NE N D Y	16B.	16C. Amount? \$ per occurrence \$ annual aggregate
	Instrument(s):	•	e Guara r Statenanism	n grant a signi

ÇIA ,	17A. Process begun?	Date Begun No H D Y
	178. In accordance with approved plan and required procedures? Yes	No
17. Closure Process:	17C. Closure certifications received?	Date Received No H D Y
	17D. Facility released from closure assurance and Limbility requirements?	Date Released / / / No H D Y
	18A. Process begun?	Date Begun No. H D Y
	18B In accordance with approved plan and required procedures? Yes	No
18. Post-Closure Process:	18C. Survey plat/record of wastes received?	Date Received Mo H D Y
	1BD. Post-closure period completed?	Date Completed
	18E. Facility released from post-closure assurance CANA NA	Date Released / / No H D Y
19. Permit Application:		Date Celled 4 / 2 7 / 8 3 No H D Y
	198. Reason for permit application call—in: ☐ Groundwater ☐ Financial Assurance ☐ Clo ☐ Liability Coverage ☐ Other fermit Rejd	sure
20. Comments:	(
		1

5120 Butler Pike Plymouth Meeting Pennsylvania 19462 215-825-3000 Telex 846-343

Woodward-Clyde Consultants

NORRISTOWN

JUL 22 1985

July 16, 1985 84C2145

Mr. Philip H. Rotstein
Hydrogeologist
Pennsylvania Department of
Environmental Resources
Bureau of Solid Waste Management
1875 New Hope Street
Norristown, PA 19401

Dear Mr. Rotstein:

Enclosed is a copy of Woodward-Clyde Consultants' report on the hydrogeologic investigation of the Philadelphia Coke Plant in Philadelphia, PA, submitted by WCC on behalf of Philadelphia Coke, Inc. This report documents WCC's field investigation and presents the analytical results from the first round of groundwater samples.

Note that the second quarter sampling has taken place during the beginning of July, 1985, and we are currently awaiting the analytical results. A report of these data will be forthcoming when available.

Please call if you have any questions or comments.

Very truly yours,

WOODWARD-CLYDE CONSULTANTS

Peter R. Jacobson Project Geologist

PRJ/plw

cc:

J. Hogeboom

C. Kufts

T. Taylor

JUL 22 1985

HYDROGEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT PHILADELPHIA COKE PLANT SITE PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

Submitted to:

PHILADELPHIA COKE COMPANY, INC.

Prepared by:

WOODWARD-CLYDE CONSULTANTS
Plymouth Meeting, Pennsylvania

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Woodward-Clyde Consultants

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INTRODUCTION

Since the early 1900's, the Philadelphia Coke Plant, located along the Delaware River and Orthodox Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania (Plate 1), has been a coal processing facility, where coal by-products and derivatives have been produced. Plate 2 illustrates the general layout of the plant site facilities and locations where certain products were produced and stored. The plant site is presently being decommissioned. Due to the nature of the storage facilities (tanks, lagoons, pits), and the potentially hazardous nature of the stored products, the potential for some of these products to escape into the groundwater and migrate offsite exists and must be examined as part of the site closure procedures.

The closure of the Philadelphia Coke Plant site is being conducted in accordance with Hazardous Waste Regulations promulgated by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources (PADER). The scope and procedures of the groundwater monitoring program described in this report have been approved by the PADER.

SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

MONITORING WELL INSTALLATION

Four monitoring wells were installed to investigate the subsurface conditions and the groundwater quality at the Philadelphia Coke Plant site. The locations of the four monitoring wells are presented on Plate 2. These locations were chosen according to areas of the site which had high potentials for contamination and areas which were expected to be hydrologically upgradient and downgradient of potential contaminant sources.

The monitoring wells were installed by 12-inch O.D. hollow-stem auger techniques during the week of March 25, 1985. Continuous split-spoon samples of the soils were taken for inspection and geologic classification. Head-space analyses of the soils

were obtained using a Century Organic Vapor Analyzer (OVA) Model 128. The boring logs of the monitoring well installation program are included as Appendix A.

Once drilling had been advanced to the desired depth for each hole, the monitoring well was emplaced. The borehole was advanced to a depth that would allow for the top of a 10-foot well screen to remain 1 to 2 feet above the highest estimate of the water table elevation. In the case of Well W-4, however, this objective could not be accomplished due to the relatively depressed level of the water table and the need to keep the bottom of the well above a confining clay layer.

The monitoring wells were constructed of 4-inch I.D. PVC pipe with a 10-foot screen length. A well cap was emplaced on the bottom of the screen to prevent sediment inflow to the well. A sand pack was placed in the annulus around each well screen, as well as 1 to 2 feet above and below the screen. The well was then sealed above the sand pack with approximately 1 foot of bentonite pellets. A cement grout was then placed above the seal to the surface. A 6-inch-diameter steel locking protective pipe was then securely emplaced into the cement grout around the PVC riser pipe. The design specifications of the monitoring wells are presented in Table 1. Plate 3 illustrates the typical monitoring well design. Appendix B contains the completed geometries for each well.

During the drilling of each monitoring well, strict protocols were observed to ensure the construction of a "clean" well and to prevent cross-contamination. These protocols included decontamination of all downhole drilling equipment between wells by steam-cleaning and the construction of the well in a clean area.

After emplacement of the well, each well was developed to remove fine-grained sediments from the well. The wells were developed using an air compressor and hose. Wells W-1 and W-3 were developed for approximately 1 hour, until clean. Wells W-2 and W-4 recovered very slowly and, thus, only two well volumes could be pumped. A 2-week period was then required between development and sampling to allow the aquifer to equilibrate and stabilize.

GEOLOGY

The Philadelphia Coke Plant site lies on a wedge of unconsolidated Atlantic Coastal Plain sediments adjacent to the western shore of the Delaware River (Plate 1). These sediments overlie crystalline bedrock.

The sediments at the plant site consist of recent alluvial floodplain and channel deposits, which are overlain by a man-made fill material. The uppermost natural deposit encountered in Wells W-1 and W-4 is generally a brown to gray, fine to coarse sand containing clay, silt, and gravel. This sand has probably been removed by plant activities in the areas of Wells W-2 and W-3. Above this recent sand deposit lies 6 to 10 feet of fill material, containing fine to coarse sand, brick fragments, coal, and cinder, which was encountered in all four monitoring wells. Below the sand and fill layers is a sequence of very soft, silty clays deposited by the Delaware River.

The boreholes for the monitoring wells were advanced 2 to 7 feet into this clay unit and then terminated. The clay layer acts as a lower confining unit to groundwater in the overlying recent deposits and was, therefore, not penetrated. The upper two stratigraphic units, the fill and recent sands, comprise the water table aquifer into which the monitoring wells were installed and screened. This aquifer ranges from a thickness of 7 feet in Well W-3 to a thickness of almost 15 feet in Well W-4. For detailed descriptions of the soils, refer to the boring logs in Appendix A.

GROUNDWATER CHARACTERISTICS

The four monitoring wells were installed to provide information concerning both the groundwater flow regime of the water table aquifer and its groundwater quality.

GROUNDWATER FLOW REGIME

Groundwater levels were measured in each of the wells prior to sampling on April 8, 1985. A second round of measurements was obtained later in the day to

-4-

determine if there are any significant tidal effects from the Delaware River. The measured levels of the water table were then converted to mean sea level elevations, based on the surveyed elevations of the wells presented in Table 1. The elevations of the water table are presented in Table 2. From the groundwater elevations, the direction of groundwater flow can be determined by contouring the potentiometric surface (Plate 4).

Plate 4 illustrates that the groundwater at the plant site flows radially outward from a central high located at Well W-2. A relatively steep hydraulic gradient exists between Wells W-2 and W-4, with approximately 1 foot of head change per 107 feet horizontal distance; whereas, the gradient towards the Delaware River between Well W-2 and Wells W-1 and W-3 is shallower, with approximately 1 foot per 300 feet and 1 foot per 500 feet, respectively.

This radial pattern outward from the center of the plant site was not the expected pattern. With the Delaware River being a natural point of groundwater discharge, located adjacent to the plant site, it would be expected that the groundwater flow would be toward the river from Well W-4 to W-1. Several possibilities exist which may be producing the observed groundwater flow pattern. An unknown hydraulic sink, such as a large, nearby city sewer line or other underground channelway, may be present, controlling the groundwater flow in the northwest area of the plant site. Other possibilities include (1) an excessive amount of groundwater recharge in the area of W-2 as a result of the porous nature of the soils, as opposed to the paved areas surrounding the site, or (2) the presence of deep foundations or other hydraulic barriers affecting groundwater flow.

Tidal effects from the Delaware River appear to be minimal. Two water level measurements from each well were obtained 3 to 4 hours apart, with essentially no measurable change in head (Table 2).

GROUNDWATER QUALITY

To assess the groundwater quality at the Philadelphia Coke Plant, the first round of samples was collected from the four monitoring wells on April 8, 1985.

These samples were collected by a team of WCC geologists and analyzed by RMC Environmental Services, Pottstown, Pennsylvania for the parameters listed in Table 3. Standard methodologies approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and PADER for groundwater analyses were used.

SAMPLE COLLECTION

Prior to sample collection, each well was purged of approximately three well volumes to ensure the collection of a representative groundwater sample. Purging was accomplished using a stainless steel bailer. After purging, the groundwater sample was also collected with a stainless steel bailer. Once the samples were obtained, they were placed on ice and kept cool until received by a lab courier. The samples for metals were filtered with a 0.45-micron filter before being placed in an acidified sample bottle. All equipment used during purging and sampling was steam-cleaned between wells to prevent cross-contamination.

ANALYTICAL RESULTS

The results of the chemical analyses are summarized in Table 4. This table lists only those parameters that were detected in any of the wells. For a complete listing of all the compounds that were analyzed, the raw data from the laboratory has been included as Appendix C.

Only nine priority pollutant organic compounds were detected in the wells at the plant site (Table 4). No priority pollutant compounds were detected in Well W-1. Only methylene chloride (a possible laboratory contaminant) and bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (a constituent of PVC well pipe) were detected in low concentrations in Wells W-3 and W-4. As expected, Well W-2, located near old lagoons in the center of the plant site, contained a relatively high concentration of acid-extractable compounds, particularly phenol at 2,710 parts per billion (ppb) and 2,4-dimethylphenol at 27,600 ppb. Other than methylene chloride, volatile organic compounds detected in Well W-2 include benzene (143 ppb), toluene (60 ppb), and ethylbenzene (3.0 ppb). Base/neutral compounds

detected in Well W-2 include nitrobenzene (90 ppb) and bis (2-chloroethoxy) methane (15 ppb).

The acid compounds found in Well W-2, phenol and 2,4-dimethyl phenol, are characteristic compounds derived from the processing of coal tar and are, therefore, not unexpected contaminants for this plant site. The volatile compounds of benzene and toluene are also expected at coal processing facilities, since they are derivatives of coaltar distillation. Ethylbenzene and the base/neutral bis (2-chloroethoxy) methane may have been used as industrial solvents at the plant site. Nitrobenzene may have been produced by treating benzene with acids.

The analytical results for the water quality parameters are listed in Table 5. Well W-2 is the most contaminated well, again showing elevated concentrations of several parameters, including chemical oxygen demand (COD), chloride, cyanide, iron, manganese, sodium, total organic halogens (TOX), 2,4-D, total dissolved solids, and sulfate. Little confidence should be placed in the high TOX value as a water quality parameter, because the concentration of organic halogens was very low in the priority pollutant analyses. Only methylene chloride was detected in very low concentrations in the priority pollutant organic analyses. This difference may be a result of: (1) the presence of non-priority pollutant organic halogens, or (2) the TOX parameter is not a good indicator of the true concentration of organic halogens.

Overall, little contamination was found in the group of Appendix II parameters, including pesticides (Table 3), with the exceptions of coliform in Wells W-2 and W-4, and 2,4-D in Well W-2.

GROUNDWATER QUALITY STANDARDS

To evaluate the groundwater quality at the Philadelphia Coke Plant site, the analytical results are compared to the EPA standards for the Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCL) in Drinking Water (Table 6). Where MCLs do not exist, informal standards,

such as Suggested No-Action Response Levels (SNARL) or Ambient Water Quality Criteria, are used for comparison purposes.

From the first round of water quality analyses, presented in Table 5, only the following water quality parameters were detected in amounts greater than the MCLs: chloride and chromium in Well W-2, iron and manganese in all wells, nitrate in Well W-3, and total dissolved solids in Wells W-1, W-2, and W-3.

2,4-dimethylphenol in Well W-2 was the only priority pollutant compound detected in excess of its respective criterion, and may present an environmental concern. Benzene, although it was detected below the recommended guideline in W-2, may be of concern since it is a known carcinogen.

CONCLUSIONS

From the first round of groundwater levels and groundwater quality discussed in this report, it is evident that the Philadelphia Coke Plant site is not presenting a threat to groundwater contamination in the surrounding environment. Only one monitoring well, W-2, which is centrally located, contained appreciable amounts of priority pollutant organic compounds, plus some metals and cyanide. Most of the compounds detected in this well are related to coal processing operations. The perimeter wells, W-1, W-3, and W-4, contain essentially no priority pollutant contamination attributable to the site. This indicates that, although the groundwater flow is radially outward from W-2, the contamination in W-2 represents a localized situation and contaminants are not being transported offsite.

The only organic compounds detected which may be of environmental significance are 2,4-dimethylphenol and possibly benzene. 2,4-dimethylphenol is two orders of magnitude in excess of the recommended guideline for drinking water, and the presence of benzene may be construed as a health risk as a carcinogen, even though the local groundwater is not used as a source of drinking water or industrial water supply.

RECOMMENDATIONS

The work remaining to be completed for this hydrogeologic assessment of the Philadelphia Coke Plant site includes the collection and analysis of three additional quarterly rounds of groundwater sampling. Continued sampling is warranted to verify the contaminant levels discussed in this report. The next round of samples will be scheduled for early July 1985. After the second round of analyses has been received, recommendations of chemical parameters that can be omitted from future sampling will be presented.

zəldsT

 ${\tt TABLE~1}$ <code>WELL DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS AND BOREHOLE GEOMETRIES (1) </code>

Well	Ground Elevation ⁽²⁾	Top of Casing (PVC) Elevation ⁽²⁾	Hole Depth (ft)	Screen Length (ft)	Screen Interval Depth	Depth to Clay	
W-1	8.7	10.94	14	10 .	3–13	9	
W-2	13.4	15.31	14	10	3-13	10	•
W-3	11.5	14.46	14	10	3-13	7 .	
W-4	13.2	15.17	16	10	4-14	14	

⁽¹⁾ All measurements in feet

^{(2)&}lt;sub>Mean</sub> Sea Level datum

TABLE 2
GROUNDWATER ELEVATIONS⁽¹⁾
APRIL 8, 1985

Well	Water Elevation	Time (a.m.)	Water Elevation	Time (p.m.)	
W-1	5.84	10:24	5.82	1:27	
W-2	. 8.83	10:33	8.84	2:45	• •
W-3	7.80	10:29	7.77	2:10	
W-4	1.69	10:20			

Note: Low tide at 11:00 a.m.

⁽¹⁾ All measurements in feet above mean sea level.

TABLE 3

CHEMICAL PARAMETERS ANALYZED FIRST QUARTER SAMPLING APRIL 8, 1985

ORGANIC COMPOUNDS

Volatile Organic Compounds Base/Neutral Compounds Acid-Extractable Compounds

PARAMETERS ESTABLISHING GROUNDWATER QUALITY

Chlorides

Phenols

Iron

Sodium

Manganese

Sulfates

PARAMETERS USED AS INDICATORS OF GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION

pН TOC (Total Organic Carbon) Specific Conductance TOX (Total Organic Halogen)

APPENDIX II PARAMETERS

Arsenic Barium

Mercury

Endrin

Chromium

Nitrate Selenium Silver

Lindane Methoxychlor ' Toxaphene

Fluoride Lead 2,4,5-TP

Coliform Bacteria

2,4-D

ADDITIONAL INORGANIC PARAMETERS

Alkalinity

Total Dissolved Solids

Aluminum. Ammonia as N

BOD COD

Cyanide

SUMMARY OF PRIORITY POLLULTANT ORGANIC COMPOUNDS DETECTED⁽¹⁾

FIRST QUARTER SAMPLING APRIL 8, 1985

TABLE 4

·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Well	W-1	W-2	W-3	W-4	Field Blank	Detection Limit	
Acid Compounds		2					
Phenol 2,4-dimethylphenol	ND /	2,710 27,600	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	10 10	
Volatile Compounds	Ċ						
Methylene Chloride Benzene	ND ND	6.2 143	3.8 ND	3.4 ND	ND ND	1.0 1.0	
Toluene Ethylbenzene	ND ND	60 3.0	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	0.2 1.0	
Base/Neutral Compounds	,						
Nitrobenzene	ND	90	ND	ND	ND	5	
Bis (2-chloroethoxy) methane Bis (2-ethylhexyl)	ND	15	ND	ND	ND	5	
phthalate	${\tt BMDL}$	ND	12	8.5	17	5	
•							

^{(1)&}lt;sub>Results</sub> in parts per billion (ppb)

BMDL = Below Minimum Detection Limit ND = Not detected

TABLE 5
SUMMARY OF WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS
APRIL 8, 1985 SAMPLING ROUND

			·		
Parameter	Units	W −1	W-2	W-3	W-4
Alkalinity, Total	mg/l	73.1	1040	65.5	89.8
Ammonia, Nitrogen	mg/l	56	917	14.3	20.7
	les/100 m1	100	1800	400	2000
Biochemical Oxygen Demand	l mg/l	6.6	220	2.4	37
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	8.7	5.6	6.7	130
Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/l	48	1170	12.7	44
Chloride	mg/l	27.8	1210	12.3	22.7
Cyanide	mg/l	1.5	159	0.004	3.6
Fluoride	mg/l	0.91	0.95	0.62	0.18
Aluminum, Total	mg/l	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	3.9
Arsenic, Total	mg/l	< 0.001	0.012	< 0.001	0.008
Barium, Total	mg/l	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Chromium, Total	mg/l	0.005	0.051	0.004	0.020
Iron, Total	mg/l	16.4	36.8	0.50	17.1
Lead, Total	mg/l	0.003	< 0.001	< 0.001	0.012
Manganese, Total	mg/l	. 9.4	3.0	1.7	2.3
Mercury, Total	mg/l	< 0.0002	< 0.0002	0.0002	0.000
Selenium, Total	mg/l	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.008
Silver, Total	mg/l	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001
Sodium, Total	mg/l	29.4	· 411	54.2	30.8
Nitrate, Nitrogen	mg/l	2.2	< 0.15	15.3	< 0.15
Total Organic Halogens Herbicides:	ug/l	215	78	48	82
2,4-D	ug/l	< 0.25	20.6	< 0.25	< 0.25
2,4,5-TP	ug/l	< 0.25	< 0.25	< 0.25	< 0.25
Pesticides:			•		
Endrin	ug/l	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.05	< 0.50
Lindane	ug/l	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.05	< 0.50
Methoxychlor	ug/l	< 2.5	< 2.5	< 0.25	< 2.5
Toxaphene	ug/l	<25	<25	< 2.5	<25
Phenolics	mg/l	< 0.005	1.19	< 0.005	< 0.005
pH	Standard	6.64	7.15	6.50	6.99
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	1120	4920	880	108
Specific Conductance umho		1470	8010	1070	461
Sulfate	mg/l	871	2950	513	111

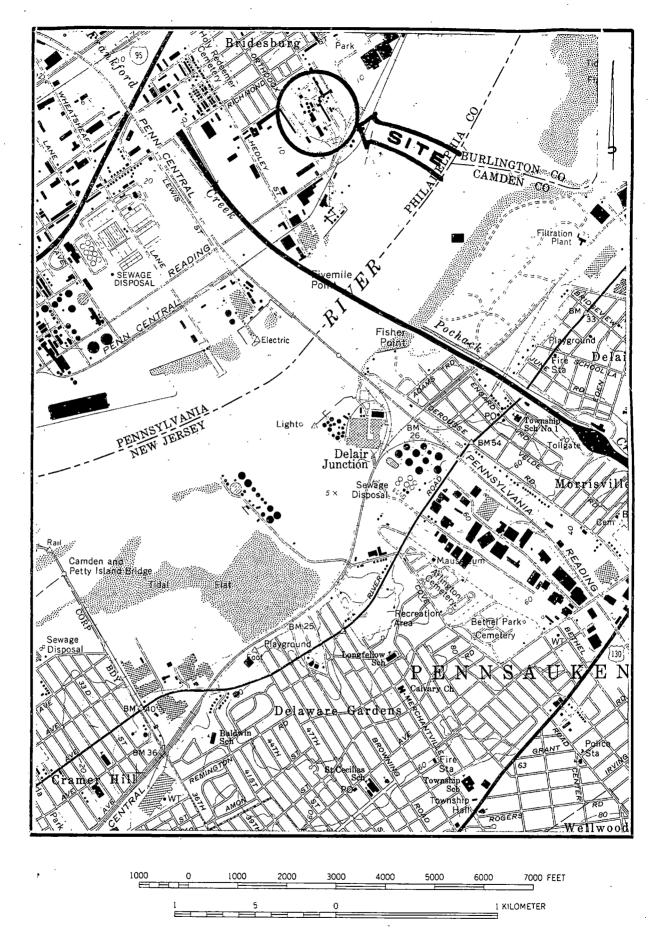
TABLE 6
STANDARDS AND GUIDELINES FOR SELECTED COMPOUNDS FOR DRINKING WATER

Parameter	Concentration ⁽¹⁾
PRIMARY AND SE	CONDARY STANDARDS
Chloride	250
Fluoride	1.6
Arsenic	0.05
Barium	1.0
Chromium	0.05
Iron	0.3
Lead	0.05
Manganese	0.05
Mercury	0.002
Selenium	0.01
Silver	0.05
Nitrate	10
2,4-D	0.1
2,4,5-TP	0.01
Endrin	0.0002
Lindane	0.004
Methoxychlor	0.1
Toxaphene	0.005
рН	6.5-8.5 (Standard)
Phenol	3,500 ug/l ⁽²⁾
RECOMMEN	DED GUIDELINES
2,4-dimethylphenol	400 ug/l
Benzene	350 ug/1
Toluene	143,000 ug/l
Nitrobenzene	19,800 ug/l
Bis (2-chloroethoxy) methane	No standard limit

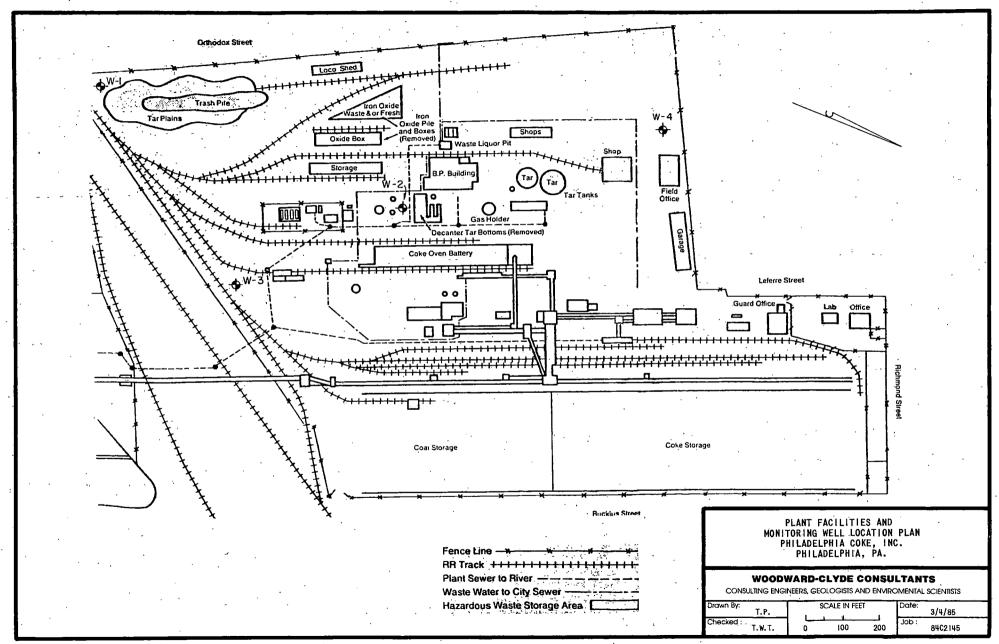
 $⁽¹⁾_{mg/l}$ (parts per million) unless otherwise noted

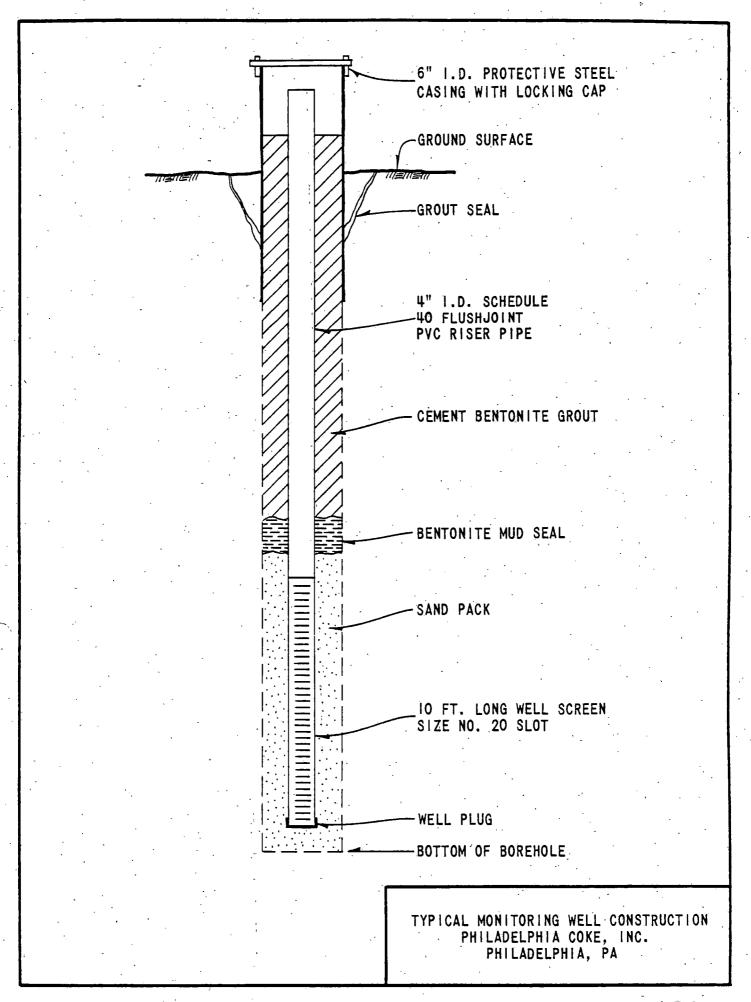
 $⁽²⁾_{ug/1} = parts per billion$

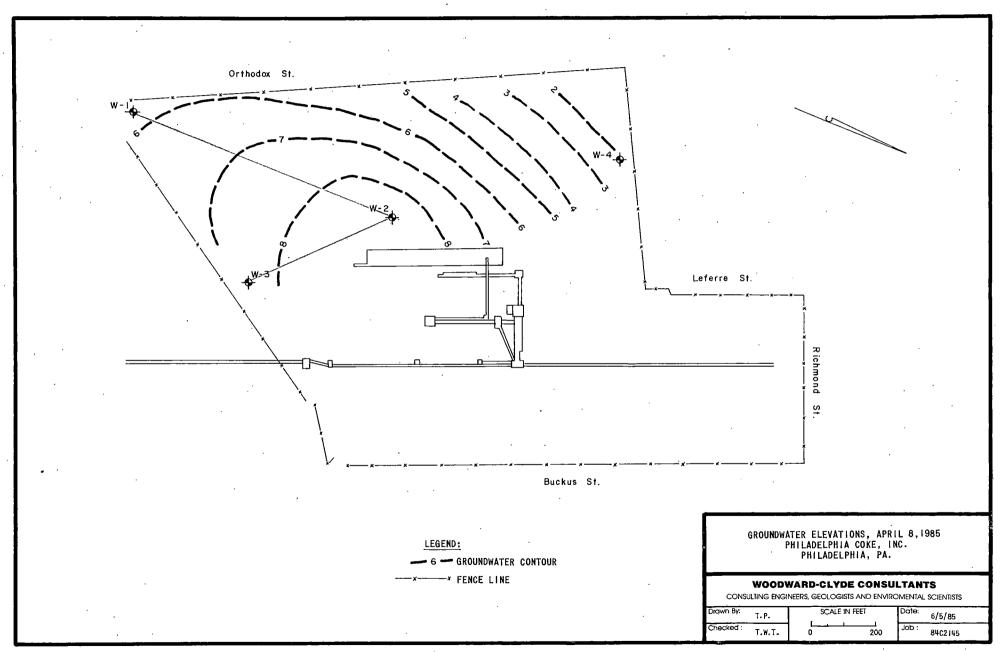
Plates



REGIONAL LOCATION PLAN



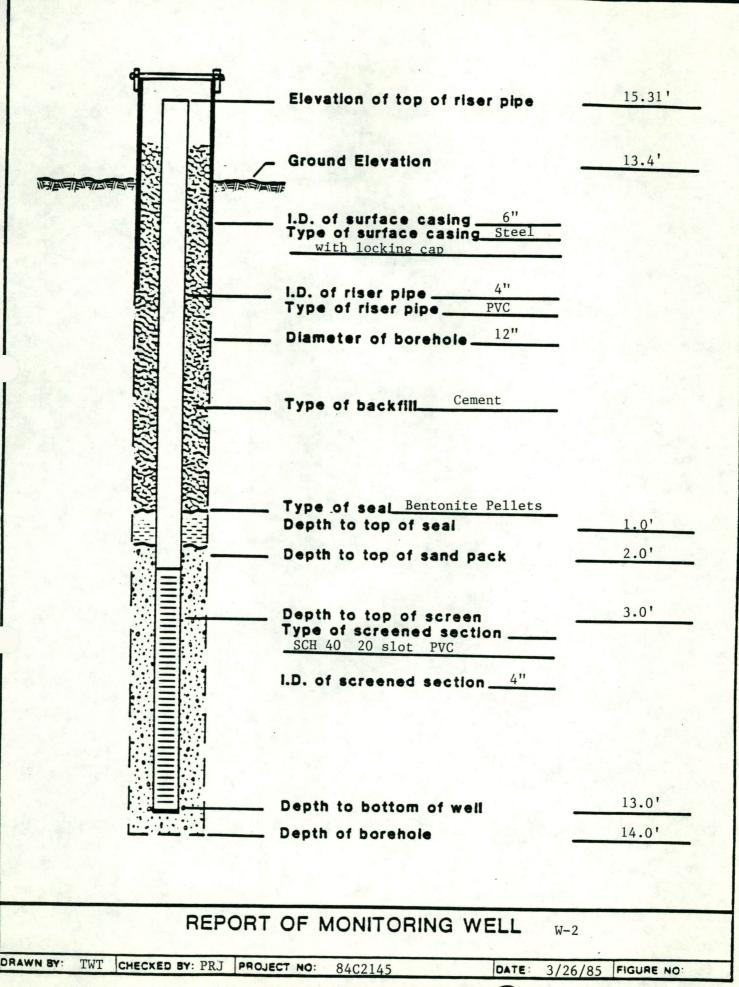




Appendix A

Appendix B

	Elevation of top of riser pipe	10.94'
	Ground Elevation	8.7'
	I.D. of surface casing 6" Type of surface casing Steel with locking cap	
	I.D. of riser pipe	
	Diameter of borehole	
	Type of backfill cement	
	Type of seal Bentonite Pellets Depth to top of seal	1.0'
	— Depth to top of sand pack	2.0'
	Type of screened section SCH 40 20 slot PVC	3.0'
	I.D. of screened section 4"	
	Depth to bottom of well	13.0'
	Depth of borehole	14.0'
DED	ORT OF MONITORING WELL W-1	



Elevation of top of riser pipe	14.46
Ground Elevation	11.5'
I.D. of surface casing 6" Type of surface casing Steel with locking cap	
I.D. of riser pipe 4" Type of riser pipe PVC	
Diameter of borehole	
Type of backfill Cement	
Type of seal Bentonite Pellets Depth to top of seal	1.0'
 — Depth to top of sand pack	2.0'
Depth to top of screen Type of screened section SCH 40 20 slot PVC	2.5'
I.D. of screened section 4"	
	12.5'
Depth to bottom of well Depth of borehole	14.0'

			•
		 Elevation of top of riser pipe 	15.17'
		- Ground Elevation	13.2'
		I.D. of surface casing 6" Type of surface casing Steel	
		i.D. of riser pipe4" Type of riser pipePVC	
		. Diameter of borehole 12"	
_		Type of backfill Cement	
		Type of seal Bentonite Pellets Depth to top of seal	2.0'
		Depth to top of sand pack	3.0'
		Depth to top of screen Type of screened section SCH 40 20 slot PVC	4.0'
		I.D. of screened section4"	
		Depth to bottom of well Depth of borehole	14.0'
	REPORT	OF MONITORING WELL W-	4
RAWN BY: TWT	CHECKED BY: PRJ PROJ	ECT NO: 84C2145 DATE: 3/2	5/85 FIGURE NO:

Appendix C

Environmental Chemistry Laboratory, Fricks Lock Rd., RD # 1, Pottstown, PA 19464 (215) 326-9662

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

LABORATORY NO: See Below RECEIVED: 10 April 1985 REPORTED: 14 May 1985

CLIENT: Woodward-Clyde

5120 Butler Pike

Plymouth Meeting, PA 19462

SAMPLE DESCRIPTION:

Field Blank RMC# 769-85 5.1 <0.02 <1 0.5 0.6	W-1 RMC# 770-85 73.1 56 100	W-2 RMC# 771-85 1040 917	W-3 RMC# 772-85 65.5 14.3	W-4 RMC# 773-85
<0.02 <1 0.5	56 100	917		
<1 0.5	56 100		14 3	
<1 0.5		1000	17.0	20.7
		1800	400	2000
0.6	6.6	220	2.4	37
0.0	8.7	5.6	6.7	130
8.4	48	1170	12.7	44
		1210	12.3	22.7
		159	0.004	3.6
		0.95		0.18
		< 0.5	< 0.5	3.9
		0.012	< 0.001	0.008
				<0.5
				0.020
				17.1
				0.012
				2.3
				0.0005
				0.008
				< 0.001
				30.8
				< 0.15
				82
Wat in the		, 0	10	02
< 0.25	< 0.25	20.6	< 0.25	< 0.25
				< 0.25
				Maria de la companya della companya
< 0.05	< 0.50	< 0.50	< 0.05	< 0.50
				< 0.50
				< 2.5
				< 25
	<pre>8.4 <3.0 <0.001 <0.05 <0.5 <0.001 <0.5 0.004 <0.05 0.009 <0.05 <0.0002 0.003 <0.001 <0.2 <0.15 26 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <2.5</pre>	<pre><3.0</pre>	<3.0	<3.0

Woodward-Clyde 14 May 1985 Page Two

Parameter	Units	Field Blank RMC# 769-85	W-1 RMC# 770-85	W-2 RMC# 771-85	W-3 RMC# 772-85	W-4 RMC# 773-85
rarameter	0111.02	709-03	770-03	771-03	112-03	173-03
Acid Extractables	*	*	*	*	*	*
Base/Neutral Extractables	*	*	*	*	*	*
Volatile Organics	*	*	*	*	*	*
Phenolics	mg/1	< 0.005	< 0.005	1.19	< 0.005	<0.005
pH	Standard	6.67	6.64	7.15	6.50	6.99
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	<1	1120	4920	880	108
Specific Conductance	µmhos/cm@25°C	32.5	1470	8010	1070	461
fate	mg/l	4.2	871	2950	513	111

^{*}See Attachments

Approved by:

Richard S. Rodgers, Madager Environmental Chemistry Laboratory

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	4/10/85	
CLIENT I.D.	Field Blank	DATE ANALYZED	5/8/85	
RMC I.D.	769-85	ANALYZED BY	TED	

ACID COMPOUNDS

	<u>ug/l</u>
phenol	<10 ND
2-chlorophenol	<10 ND
2-nitrophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dimethylphenol	<10 ND
2,4-dichlorophenol	<10 ND
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	<10 ND
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dinitrophenol	<20 ND
4-nitrophenol	<40 ND
2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	<20 ND
pentachlorophenol	<25 ND

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.

= Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum
 quantifiable limit indicated.

Approved By: fulund & Hadger

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT _	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	4/10/85	
CLIENT I.D	Field Blank	DATE ANALYZED	5/8/85	
RMC I.D.	769-85	ANAL YZED BY	TED	Y.

BASE/NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS

	нд/1		μg/1
n-nitrosodimethylamine	<10 ND	4-chlorophenyl phenyl ether	<5 ND
bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	<5 ND	n-nitrosodiphenylamine	<10 ND
1,3-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	1,2-diphenylhydrazine	<10 ND
1,4-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	4-bromophenyl phenyl ether	<5 ND
1,2-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	hexachlorobenzene	<5 ND
bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	<5 ND	phenanthrene	<5 ND
hexachloroethane	<5 ND	anthracene	<5 ND
n-nitrosodi-n-propylamine	<5 ND	di-n-butyl phthalate	<5 ND
nitrobenzene	<5 ND	fluoranthene	<5 ND
isophorone	<5 ND	benzidine	<100 ND
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	<5 ND	pyrene	<5 ND
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	<5 ND	butyl benzyl phthalate	<5 ND
naphthalene	<5 ND	benz(a)anthracene	<10 ND
hexachlorobutadiene	<5 ND	chrysene	<10 ND
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	<5 ND	3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	<10 ND
2-chloronaphthalene	<5 ND	bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	17
acenaphthylene	<5 ND	di-n-octyl phthalate	<10 ND
dimethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(b)fluoranthene	<25 ND
2,6-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	benzo(k)fluoranthene	<25 ND
acenaphthene	<5 ND	benzo(a)pyrene	<25 ND
2,4-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	<25 ND
fluorene	<5 ND	dibenz(a,h)anthracene	<25 ND
diethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(g,h,i)perylene	<25 ND
		2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo- p-dioxin	<10 ND

< x ND= Not detected, value indicates minimum quanti-</p> fiable limit.

< x = Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum
 quantifiable limit indicated.</pre> Approved By: fished Rodger

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	4/10/85
CLIENT I.D	Field Blank	DATE ANALYZED	4/10/85
RMC I.D.	769-85	ANALYZED BY	TED

VOLATILES

	<u>μg/1</u>		<u>μg/1</u>
chloromethane	<5.0 ND	bromodichloromethane	<1.0 ND
bromomethane	<5.0 ND	1,2-dichloropropane	<5.0 ND
vinyl chloride	<5.0 ND	1,3-dichloropropene ¹	<5.0 ND
chloroethane	<5.0 ND	trichloroethene	<0.2 ND
methylene chloride	<1.0 ND	benzene	<1.0 ND
acrolein	<100 ND	dibromochloromethane	<1.0 ND
acrylonitrile	<25 ND	1,1,2-trichloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,1-dichloroethene	<1.0	2-chloroethylvinyl ether	<5.0 ND
1,1-dichloroethane	<1.0 ND	bromoform	<5.0 ND
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	tetrachloroethene	<1.0
chloroform	<1.0 ND	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,2-dichloroethane	<5.0 ND	toluene	<0.2 ND
1,1,1-trichloroethane	<1.0	chlorobenzene	<1.0 ND
carbon tetrachloride	<1.0 ND	ethyl benzene	<1.0 ND

Approved By: Richard & Kadyan

^{11,3-}cis-dichloropropene and 1,3-trans-dichloropropene could not be resolved, values reported indicate the sum of both compounds.

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.</pre>

 ⁼ Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum
 quantifiable limit indicated.

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	4/10/85	
CLIENT I.D.	W-1	DATE ANALYZED	5/9/85	The second
RMC I.D.	770-85	ANALYZED BY	TED	

ACID COMPOUNDS

	<u>μg/1</u>
pheno1	<10 ND
2-chlorophenol	<10 ND
2-nitrophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dimethylphenol	<10 ND
2,4-dichlorophenol	<10 ND
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	<10 ND
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dinitrophenol	<20 ND
4-nitrophenol	<40 ND
2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	<20 ND
pentachlorophenol	<25 ND

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.

<x = Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum
 quantifiable limit indicated.</pre>

Approved By: Luka S. Rodger

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT _	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	4/10/85	
CLIENT I.D	W-1	DATE ANALYZED	5/9/85	
RMC I.D.	770-85	ANALYZED BY	TED	

BASE/NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS

	<u>μg/1</u>		<u>μg/1</u>
n-nitrosodimethylamine	<10 ND	4-chlorophenyl phenyl ether	<5 ND
bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	<5 ND	n-nitrosodiphenylamine	<10 ND
1,3-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	1,2-diphenylhydrazine	<10 ND
1,4-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	4-bromophenyl phenyl ether	<5 ND
1,2-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	hexachlorobenzene	<5 ND
bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	<5 ND	phenanthrene	<5 ND
hexachloroethane	<5 ND	anthracene	<5 ND
n-nitrosodi-n-propylamine	<5 ND	di-n-butyl phthalate	<5 ND
nitrobenzene	<5 ND	fluoranthene	<5
isophorone	<5 ND	benzidine	<100 ND
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	<5 ND	pyrene	<5
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	<5 ND	butyl benzyl phthalate	<5 ND
naphthalene	<5	benz(a)anthracene	<10
hexachlorobutadiene	<5 ND	chrysene	<10
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	<5 ND	3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	<10 ND
2-chloronaphthalene	<5 ND	bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	<5
acenaphthylene	<5 ND	di-n-octyl phthalate	<10 ND
dimethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(b)fluoranthene	<25 ND
2,6-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	benzo(k)fluoranthene	<25 ND
acenaphthene	<5 ND	benzo(a)pyrene	<25 ND
2,4-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	<25 ND
fluorene	<5 ND	dibenz(a,h)anthracene	<25 ND
diethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(g,h,i)perylene	<25 ND
		2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo- p-dioxin	<10 ND

< x ND= Not detected, value indicates minimum quanti-</p> fiable limit.

= Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum < X Approved By: full Redge quantifiable limit indicated.

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	4/10/85	
CLIENT I.D.	W-1	DATE ANALYZED	4/10/85	
RMC I.D.	770-85	ANALYZED BY	TED	

VOLATILES

_μg/1		<u>µg/1</u>
<5.0 ND	bromodichloromethane	<1.0 ND
<5.0 ND	1,2-dichloropropane	<5.0 ND
<5.0 ND	1,3-dichloropropene1	<5.0 ND
<5.0 ND	trichloroethene	<0.2 ND
<1.0 ND	benzene	<1.0 ND
<100 ND	dibromochloromethane	<1.0 ND
<25 ND	1,1,2-trichloroethane	<5.0 ND
<1.0 ND	2-chloroethylvinyl ether	<5.0 ND
<1.0 ND	bromoform	<5.0 ND
<1.0 ND	tetrachloroethene	<1.0 ND
<1.0 ND	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	<5.0 ND
<5.0 ND	toluene	<0.2 ND
<1.0 ND	chlorobenzene	<1.0 ND
<1.0 ND	ethylbenzene	<1.0 ND
	<5.0 ND <5.0 ND <5.0 ND <5.0 ND <1.0 ND <100 ND <100 ND <1.0 ND	<pre></pre>

Approved By: filand & foolgre

^{11,3-}cis-dichloropropene and 1,3-trans-dichloropropene could not be resolved, values reported indicate the sum of both compounds.

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.</pre>

⁻ Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum quantifiable limit indicated.

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	4/10/85
CLIENT I.D.	W-2	DATE ANALYZED	5/9/85
RMC I.D.	771-85	ANALYZED BY	TED

ACID COMPOUNDS

	<u>µq/1</u>
phenol	2710
2-chlorophenol	<10 ND
2-nitrophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dimethylphenol	27600
2,4-dichlorophenol	<10 ND
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	<10 ND
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dinitrophenol	<20 ND
4-nitrophenol	<40 ND
2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	<20 ND
pentachlorophenol	<25 ND

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.

= Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum
quantifiable limit indicated.

Approved By: Rubard & Rodger

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT _	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	4/10/85
CLIENT I.D.	W-2	DATE ANALYZED	5/9/85
RMC I.D.	771-85	ANAL YZED BY	TED

BASE/NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS

	<u>μg/1</u>		<u>μg/1</u>
n-nitrosodimethylamine	<10 ND	4-chlorophenyl phenyl ether	<5 ND
bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	<5 ND	n-nitrosodiphenylamine	<10 ND
1,3-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	1,2-diphenylhydrazine	<10 ND
1,4-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	4-bromophenyl phenyl ether	<5 ND
1,2-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	hexachlorobenzene	<5 ND
bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	<5 ND	phenanthrene	<5 ND
hexachloroethane	<5 ND	anthracene	<5 ND
n-nitrosodi-n-propylamine	<5 ND	di-n-butyl phthalate	<5 ND
nitrobenzene	90	fluoranthene	<5 ND
isophorone	<5 ND	benzidine	<100 ND
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	15	pyrene	<5 ND
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	<5 ND	butyl benzyl phthalate	<5 ND
naphthalene	<5 ND	benz(a)anthracene	<10 ND
hexachlorobutadiene	<5 ND	chrysene	<10 ND
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	<5 ND	3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	<10 ND
2-chloronaphthalene	<5 ND	bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	<5 ND
acenaphthylene	<5 ND	di-n-octyl phthalate	<10 ND
dimethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(b)fluoranthene	<25 ND
2,6-dinitrotoluene	<10.ND	benzo(k)fluoranthene	<25 ND
acenaphthene	<5 ND	benzo(a)pyrene	<25 ND
2,4-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	<25 ND
fluorene	<5 ND	dibenz(a,h)anthracene	<25 ND
diethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(g,h,i)perylene	<25 ND
		2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo- p-dioxin	<10 ND

< x ND= Not detected, value indicates minimum quanti-</p> fiable limit.

< x = Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum</pre> Approved By: fuland kodgur quantifiable limit indicated.

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	4/10/85
CLIENT I.D.	W-2	DATE ANALYZED	4/10/85
RMC I.D.	771-85	ANALYZED BY	TED

VOLATILES

	μ g /1		ug/l
chloromethane	<5.0 ND	bromodichloromethane	<1.0 ND
bromomethane	<5.0 ND	1,2-dichloropropane	<5.0 ND
vinyl chloride	<5.0 ND	1,3-dichloropropene1	<5.0 ND
chloroethane	<5.0 ND	trichloroethene	<0.2 ND
methylene chloride	6.2	benzene	143
acrolein	<100 ND	dibromochloromethane	<1.0 ND
acrylonitrile	<25 ND	1,1,2-trichloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,1-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	2-chloroethylvinyl ether	<5.0 ND
1,1-dichloroethane	<1.0 ND	bromoform	<5.0 ND
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	tetrachloroethene	<1.0 ND
chloroform	<1.0 ND	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,2-dichloroethane	<5.0 ND	toluene	60
1,1,1-trichloroethane	<1.0 ND	chlorobenzene	<1.0 ND
carbon tetrachloride	<1.0 ND	ethyl benzene	3.0

Approved By: Reland & Hodger

¹1,3-cis-dichloropropene and 1,3-trans-dichloropropene could not be resolved, values reported indicate the sum of both compounds.

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.</p>

⁼ Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum
quantifiable limit indicated.

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT _	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	4/10/85	
CLIENT I.D.	W-3	DATE ANALYZED	5/8/85	9
RMC I.D.	772-85	ANALYZED BY	TED	and the second

ACID COMPOUNDS

	<u>ug/1</u>
phenol	<10 ND
2-chlorophenol	<10 ND
2-nitrophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dimethylphenol	<10 ND
2,4-dichlorophenol	<10 ND
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	<10 ND
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dinitrophenol	<20 ND
4-nitrophenol	<40 ND
2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	<20 ND
pentachlorophenol	<25 ND

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.

= Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum
 quantifiable limit indicated.

Approved By: fuhand & folger

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT _	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	4/10/85
CLIENT I.D	W-3	DATE ANALYZED	5/8/85
RMC I.D.	772-85	ANALYZED BY	TED

BASE/NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS

	μ q/1		<u>μg/1</u>
n-nitrosodimethylamine	<10 ND	4-chlorophenyl phenyl ether	<5 ND
bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	<5 ND	n-nitrosodiphenylamine	<10 ND
1,3-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	1,2-diphenylhydrazine	<10 ND
1,4-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	4-bromophenyl phenyl ether	<5 ND
1,2-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	hexachlorobenzene	<5 ND
bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	<5 ND	phenanthrene	<5 ND
hexachloroethane	<5 ND	anthracene	<5 ND
n-nitrosodi-n-propylamine	<5 ND	di-n-butyl phthalate	<5 ND
nitrobenzene	<5 ND	fluoranthene	<5 ND
isophorone	<5 ND	benzidine	<100 ND
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	<5 ND	pyrene	<5 ND
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	<5 ND	butyl benzyl phthalate	<5 ND
naphthalene	<5 ND	benz(a)anthracene	<10 ND
hexachlorobutadiene	<5 ND	chrysene	<10 ND
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	<5 ND	3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	<10 ND
2-chloronaphthalene	<5 ND	bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	12
acenaphthylene	<5 ND	di-n-octyl phthalate	<10 ND
dimethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(b)fluoranthene	<25 ND
2,6-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	benzo(k)fluoranthene	<25 ND
acenaphthene	<5 ND	benzo(a)pyrene	<25 ND
2,4-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	<25 ND
fluorene	<5 ND	dibenz(a,h)anthracene	<25 ND
diethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(g,h,i)perylene	<25 ND
		2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo- p-dioxin	<10 ND

< x ND= Not detected, value indicates minimum quanti-</p> fiable limit.

< x = Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum Approved By: Suchall Radges quantifiable limit indicated.

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	4/10/85
CLIENT I.D	W-3	DATE ANALYZED	4/10/85
RMC I.D.	772-85	ANALYZED BY	TED

VOLATILES

	ug/1		μg/1
chloromethane	<5.0 ND	bromodichloromethane	<1.0 ND
bromomethane	<5.0 ND	1,2-dichloropropane	<5.0 ND
vinyl chloride	<5.0 ND	1,3-dichloropropene ¹	<5.0 ND
chloroethane	<5.0 ND	trichloroethene	<0.2 ND
methylene chloride	3.8	benzene	<1.0 ND
acrolein	<100 ND	dibromochloromethane	<1.0 ND
acrylonitrile	<25 ND	1,1,2-trichloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,1-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	2-chloroethylvinyl ether	<5.0 ND
1,1-dichloroethane	<1.0 ND	bromoform	<5.0 ND
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	tetrachloroethene	<1.0 ND
chloroform	<1.0 ND	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,2-dichloroethane	<5.0 ND	toluene	<0.2 ND
1,1,1-trichloroethane	<1.0 ND	chlorobenzene	<1.0 ND
carbon tetrachloride	<1.0 ND	ethyl benzene	<1.0 ND

Approved By: Kuland & Kodgue

^{11,3-}cis-dichloropropene and 1,3-trans-dichloropropene could not be resolved, values reported indicate the sum of both compounds.

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.</p>

<x = Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum
quantifiable limit indicated.</pre>

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	4/10/85	
CLIENT I.D.	W-4	DATE ANALYZED	5/9/85	90
RMC I.D.	773-85	ANALYZED BY	TED	

ACID COMPOUNDS

	ug/l
phenol	<10 ND
2-chlorophenol	<10 ND
2-nitrophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dimethylphenol	<10 ND
2,4-dichlorophenol	<10 ND
4-chloro-3-methylphenol	<10 ND
2,4,6-trichlorophenol	<10 ND
2,4-dinitrophenol	<20 ND
4-nitrophenol	<40 ND
2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	<20 ND
pentachlorophenol	<25 ND

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.

Approved By: Richard & Rodgers

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT _	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	4/10/85
CLIENT I.D.	W-4	DATE ANALYZED	5/9/85
RMC I.D.	773-85	ANALYZED BY	TED

BASE/NEUTRAL COMPOUNDS

	μ g/1		<u>μg/1</u>
n-nitrosodimethylamine	<10 ND	4-chlorophenyl phenyl ether	<5 ND
bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	<5 ND	n-nitrosodiphenylamine	<10 ND
1,3-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	1,2-diphenylhydrazine	<10 ND
1,4-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	4-bromophenyl phenyl ether	<5 ND
1,2-dichlorobenzene	<5 ND	hexachlorobenzene	<5 ND
bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	<5 ND	phenanthrene	< 5
hexachloroethane	<5 ND	anthracene	<5 ND
n-nitrosodi-n-propylamine	<5 ND	di-n-butyl phthalate	<5 ND
nitrobenzene	<5 ND	fluoranthene	<5
isophorone	<5 ND	benzidine	<100 ND
bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	<5 ND	pyrene	<5
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	<5 ND	butyl benzyl phthalate	<5 ND
naphthalene	<5	benz(a)anthracene	<10 ND
hexachlorobutadiene	<5 ND	chrysene	<10 ND
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	<5 ND	3,3'-dichlorobenzidine	<10 ND
2-chloronaphthalene	<5 ND	bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	8.5 V
acenaphthylene	<5 ND	di-n-octyl phthalate	<10 ND
dimethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(b)fluoranthene	<25 ND
2,6-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	benzo(k)fluoranthene	<25 ND
acenaphthene	<5 ND	benzo(a)pyrene	<25 ND
2,4-dinitrotoluene	<10 ND	indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	<25 ND
fluorene	<5 ND	dibenz(a,h)anthracene	<25 ND
diethyl phthalate	<5 ND	benzo(g,h,i)perylene	<25 ND
		2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo- p-dioxin	<10_ND

< x ND= Not detected, value indicates minimum quanti-</p> fiable limit.

= Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum quantifiable limit indicated. < X Approved By: Lichard I folgens

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	4/10/85
CLIENT I.D.	W-4	DATE ANALYZED	4/10/85
RMC I.D.	773-85	ANALYZED BY	TED

VOLATILES

	<u>μg/1</u>		μg/1
chloromethane	<5.0 ND	bromodichloromethane	<1.0 ND
bromomethane	<5.0 ND	1,2-dichloropropane	<5.0 ND
vinyl chloride	<5.0 ND	1,3-dichloropropene ¹	<5.0 ND
chloroethane	<5.0 ND	trichloroethene	<0.2 ND
methylene chloride	3.4	benzene	<1.0 ND
acrolein	<100 ND	dibromochloromethane	<1.0 ND
acrylonitrile	<25 ND	1,1,2-trichloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,1-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	2-chloroethylvinyl ether	<5.0 ND
1,1-dichloroethane	<1.0 ND	bromoform	<5.0 ND
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	tetrachloroethene	<1.0 ND
chloroform	<1.0 ND	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,2-dichloroethane	<5.0 ND	toluene	<0.2 ND
1,1,1-trichloroethane	<1.0 ND	chlorobenzene	<1.0 ND
carbon tetrachloride	<1.0 ND	ethyl benzene	<1.0 ND

Approved By: fichard S. Kodger

^{11,3-}cis-dichloropropene and 1,3-trans-dichloropropene could not be resolved, values reported indicate the sum of both compounds.

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.</p>

⁼ Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum quantifiable limit indicated.

Summary of Organic Priority Pollutant Analysis

CLIENT	Woodward Clyde	DATE RECEIVED	4/10/85
CLIENT I.D.	Trip Blank	DATE ANALYZED	4/10/85
RMC I.D.	768-85	ANALYZED BY	TED

VOLATILES

	<u>μg/1</u>		<u>μg/1</u>
chloromethane	<5.0 ND	bromodichloromethane	<1.0 ND
bromomethane	<5.0 ND	1,2-dichloropropane	<5.0 ND
vinyl chloride	<5.0 ND	1,3-dichloropropene ¹	<5.0 ND
chloroethane	<5.0 ND	trichloroethene	<0.2 ND
methylene chloride	<1.0 ND	benzene	<1.0 ND
acrolein	<100 ND	dibromochloromethane	<1.0 ND
acrylonitrile	<25 ND	1,1,2-trichloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,1-dichloroethene	1.2	2-chloroethylvinyl ether	<5.0 ND
1,1-dichloroethane	<1.0 ND	bromoform	<5.0 ND
trans-1,2-dichloroethene	<1.0 ND	tetrachloroethene	2.7
chloroform	<1.0 ND	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	<5.0 ND
1,2-dichloroethane	<5.0 ND	toluene	0.3
1,1,1-trichloroethane	<1.0	chlorobenzene	<1.0
carbon tetrachloride	<1.0 ND	ethyl benzene	<1.0 ND

Approved By: Shiland & Rodgers

^{11,3-}cis-dichloropropene and l,3-trans-dichloropropene could not be resolved, values reported indicate the sum of both compounds.

<x ND = Not detected, value indicates minimum quantifiable limit.</pre>

⁼ Detected but at a concentration less than the minimum quantifiable limit indicated.